#### The New Neurometabolic Cascade Pathophysiology & Neurobiology of mTBI









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#### **Credit where credit deserved!**

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What is a Concussion? "A Brain Movement Injury"

 A biological process affecting the brain induced by physical forces

- Symptoms start quickly
- Don't have to be knocked out
- Gets better with time if you don't get whacked again
- CAT scans are normal

McCrory P et al., Consensus Statement on Concussion in Sport, (3rd ), Br J Sport Med 2013

## Outline

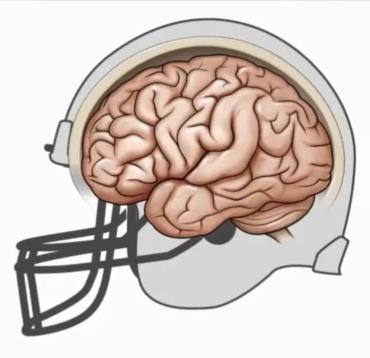
- I. Basic Pathophysiology
- II. Symptoms and Time Course
- **III.** Advanced Neuroimaging to Detect Concussion
- IV. Post-Concussive Vulnerability
  - A. Repeat Concussions
  - B. Second Impact Syndrome
  - C. Persistent Symptoms



#### **Gray Matters Video**

#### Understanding concussion on the cellular level

#### Impact



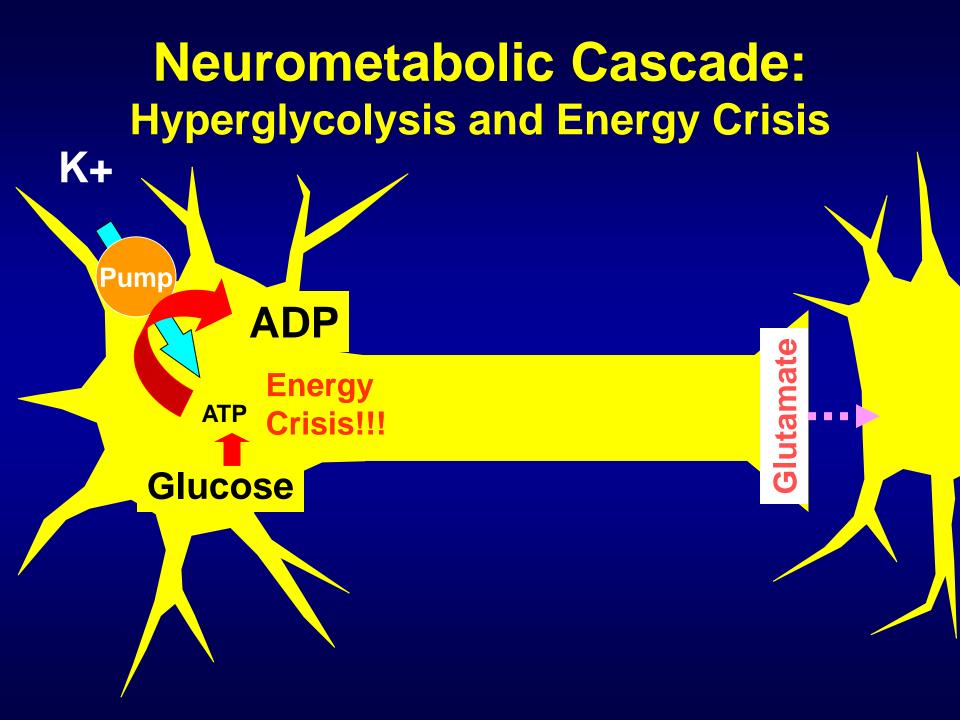
#### Concu

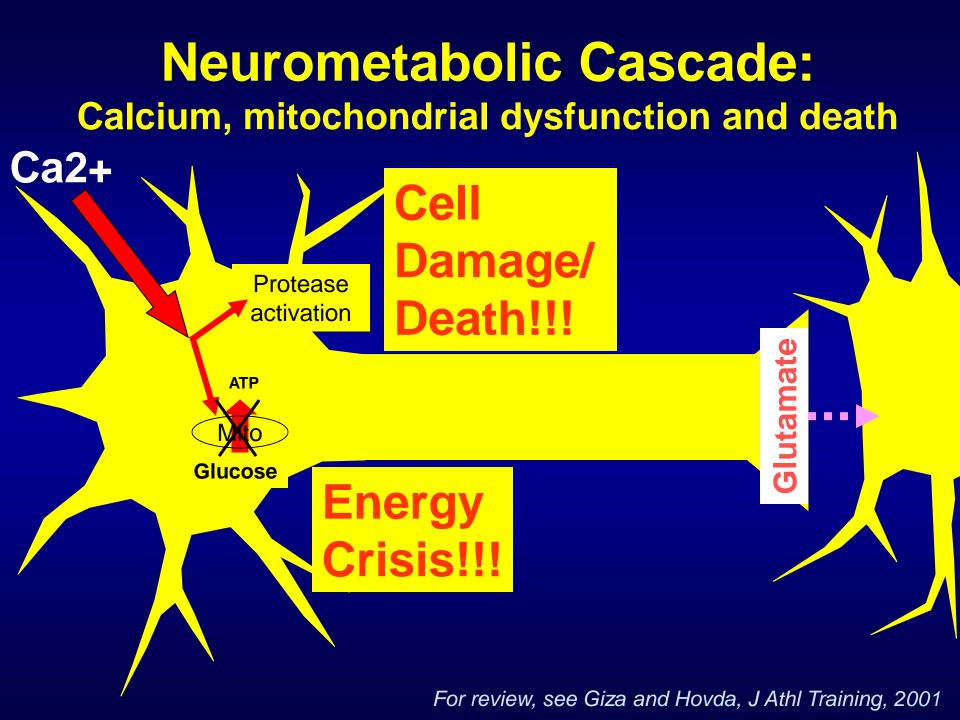
#### Neurometabolic Cascade: Potassium & Glutamate Flux

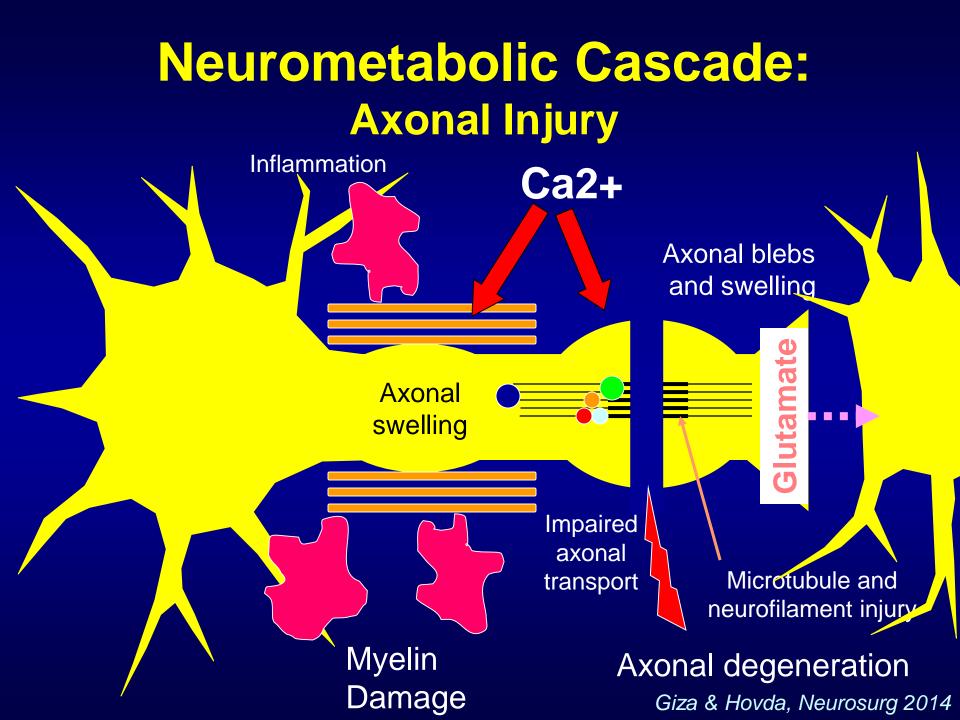
Katayama , et.al., J Neurosurg 1990

K.

Glutamate







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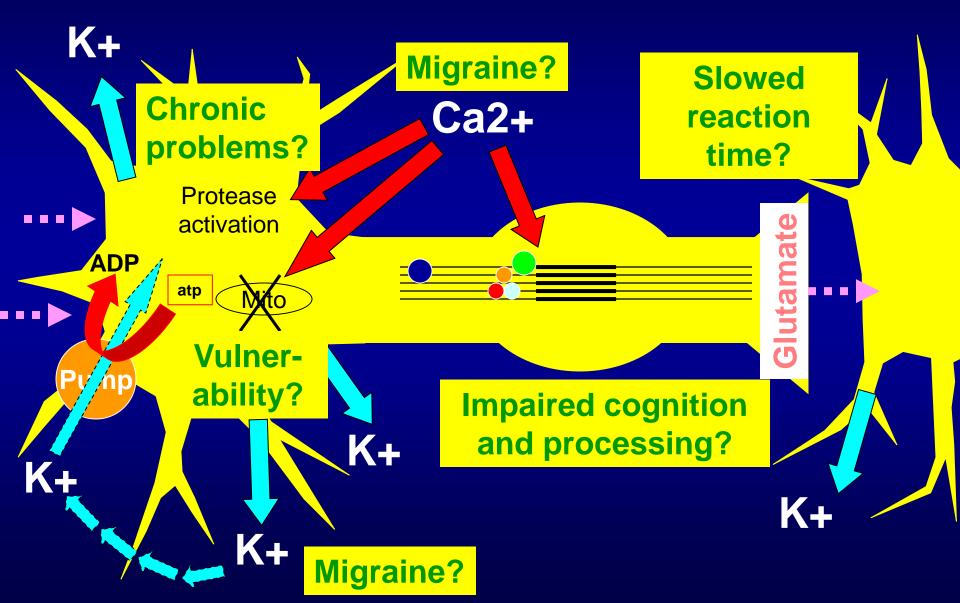
## Signs/Symptoms of Concussion

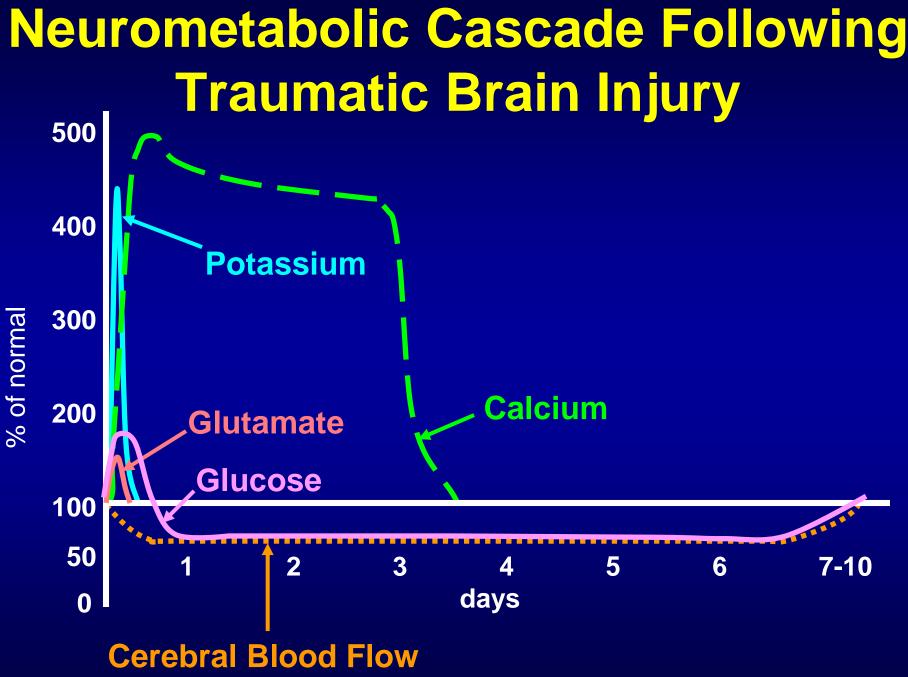


- Headache
- Dizziness
- Nausea and Vomiting
- Vacant stare (looks 'out of it')
- Slow to talk or do things
- Confusion and inattention
- Disorientation
- Slurred or incoherent speech
- Loss of coordination
- Emotions out of proportion
- Memory loss (amnesia)
- Any period of unconsciousness



#### Neurometabolic Cascade of mTBI: Pathophysiology Meets Symptoms



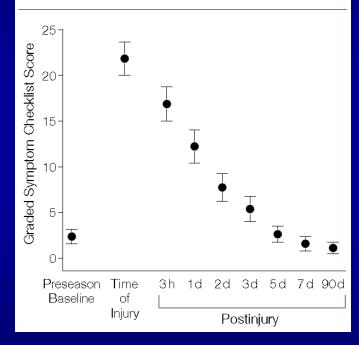


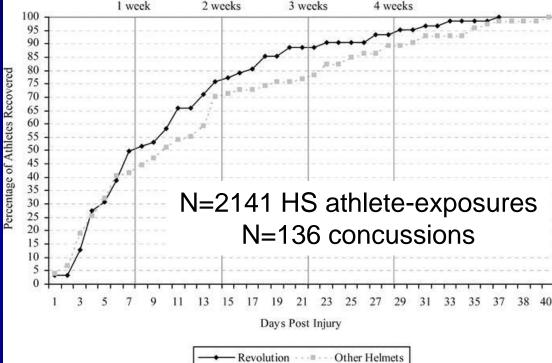
Giza & Hovda, Neurosurg 2014

## **Expect to Get Better**



**Figure 2.** Mean Reported Graded Symptom Checklist Total Scores for Players With Concussion (n=196) Across Repeated Assessments





90-95% of college athletes with concussions get better in 7-10 days.

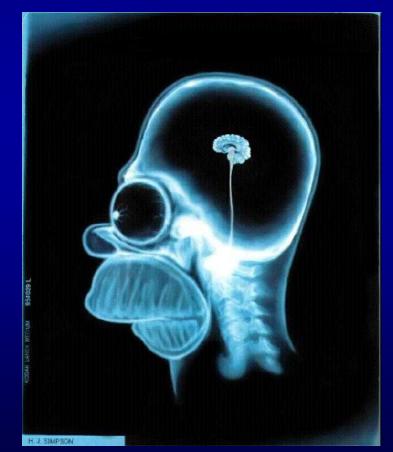
70-75% of high school athletes with concussions get better in 14 days; 80-85% in 21 days.

Guskiewicz K, et al., JAMA 2003

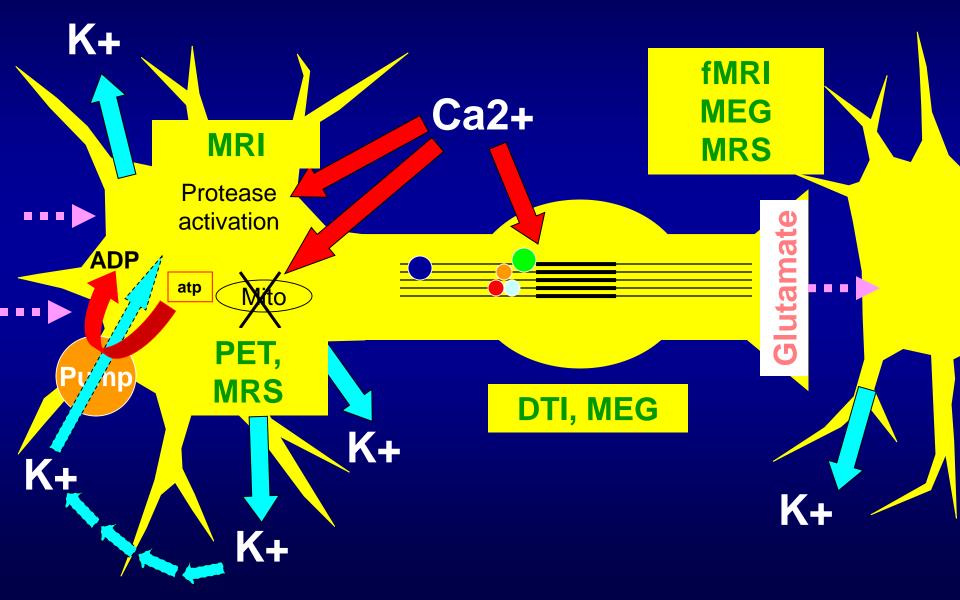
Collins, et al., Neurosurgery 2006

## Outline

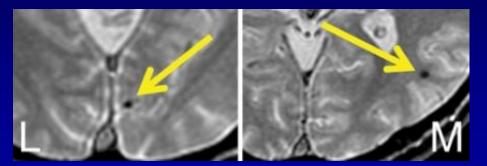
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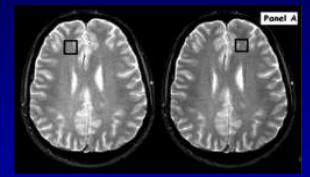
#### Seeing is Believing: Imaging Early mTBI Pathobiology



## Imaging mTBI/Concussion Biomarkers

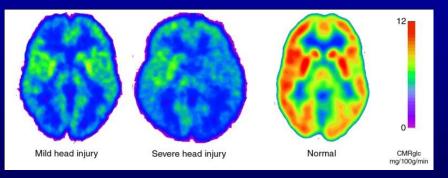


Yuh et al., Ann Neurol 2012

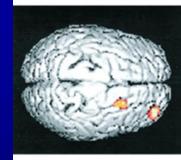


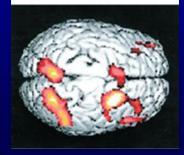
Vagnozzi et al., Neurosurg 2008

Wilde et al., Neurol 2008



Bergsneider et al., J Neurotrauma 2000 2-back > 1-back

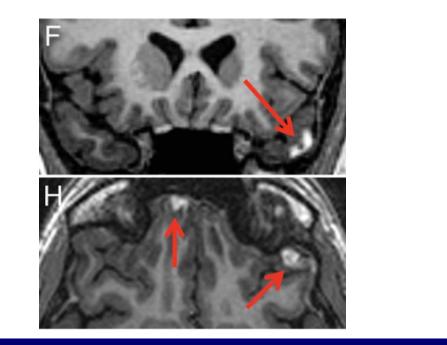


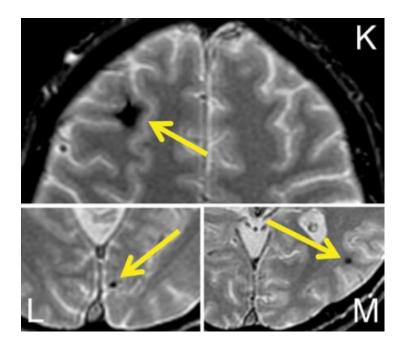


McAllister et al., Neurol 1999

## Imaging Early mTBI: MRI/SWI

#### N=135 Prospective mTBI ED cohort, 3 centers Time post-injury=12 days

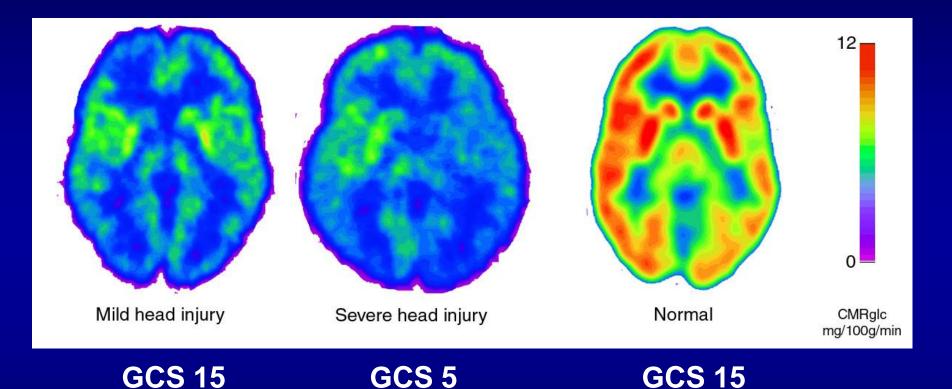




≥1 brain contusion or ≥4 hemorrhagic foci on early MRI were associated with worse 3 month outcome

Yuh, et.al. Annals Neurol 2012

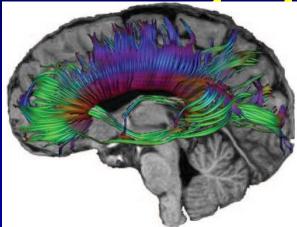
## Imaging Early mTBI: PET



## Glucose metabolism may show profound abnormalities in humans, even after mild TBI.

Bergsneider, Hovda, et.al. 2000

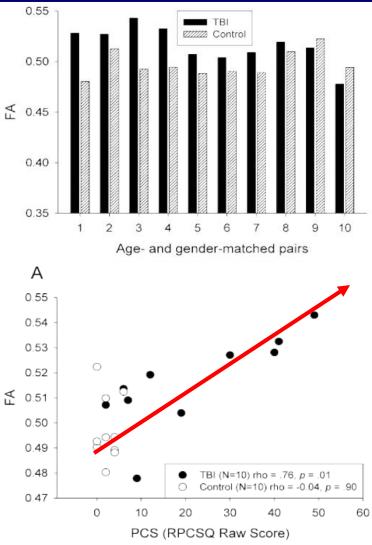
## Imaging Early mTBI: Symptoms & DTI



In adolescents with mTBI, DTI of the CC performed within 6 days showed increased FA and decreased diffusivity.

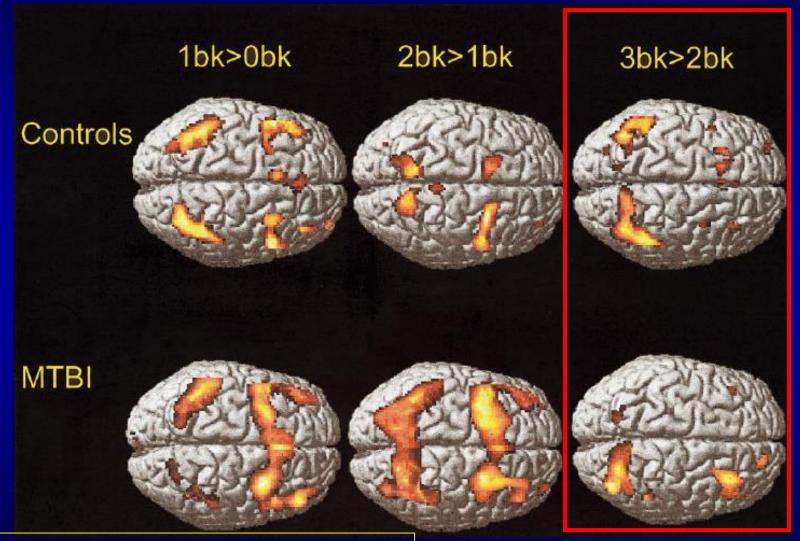
These abnormalities in DTI correlated well with post-concussion symptoms.

But results from many different DTI studies have shown a wide range of results.



Wilde E, et.al. Neurology, 2008

## **Impaired Neurotransmission: fMRI**



Mild TBI results in abnormal taskrelated BOLD activation patterns.

McAllister TW, et al, Neuroimage 2001

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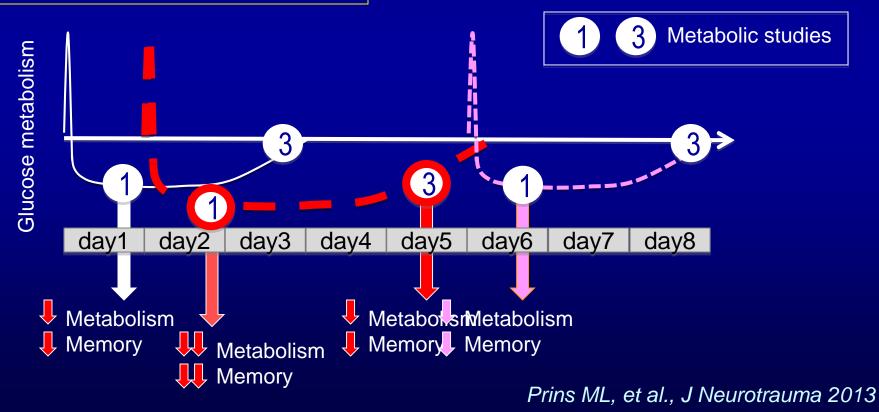


### Vulnerability: Metabolism & Timing

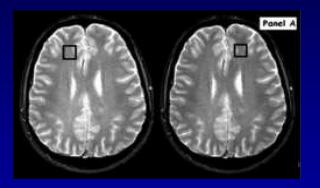


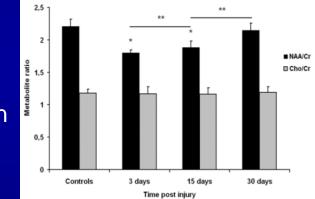
2<sup>nd</sup> concussion during metabolic impairment results in worse metabolic disruption and cognition — Single Impact

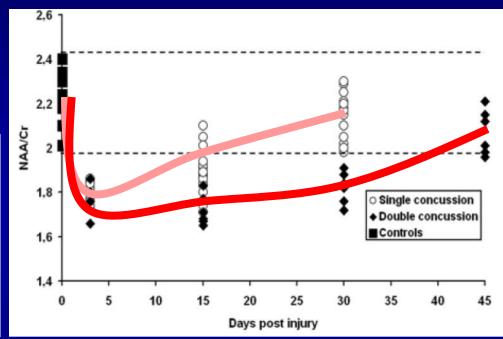
- 2nd TBI induced DURING the depressed metabolic phase from the 1<sup>st</sup> TBI
- ••••• 2nd TBI induced AFTER the depressed metabolic phase from the 1<sup>st</sup> TBI



#### Vulnerability: Metabolism & MRS

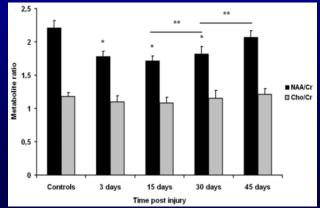






Single concussion

#### Double concussion



#### There were significant reductions of NAA/Cr for *30 days* after 1 concussion and *45 days* after 2 concussions.

Vagnozzi, et al., Neurosurgery, 2008 Vagnozzi, et al., Brain 2010

## **Vulnerability: Repeat Concussion Risk**

# Concussed athletes are 3x more likely to get another concussion!!!

- 1. Brain energy crisis
- 2. Slow reflexes and reaction time
- 3. Slower thinking
- 4. Poor playing style
- 5. Genetic risk

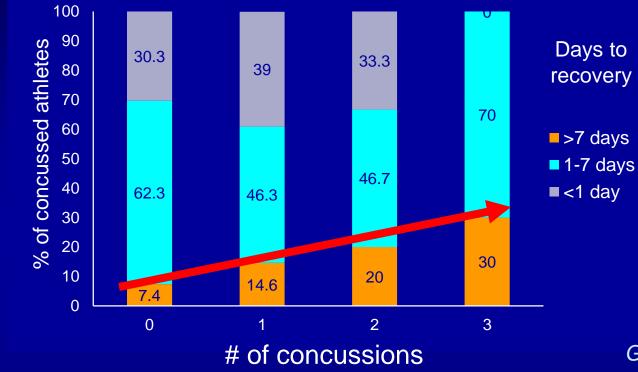


## 92% of repeat in-season concussions occurred within 10 days of 1st concussion.

McCrea et al., Neurosurgery 2009, Guskiewicz et al., JAMA 2003



#### Vulnerability: Repeat Concussion Severity





Guskiewicz et al., JAMA 2003

Athletes with repeated concussions take longer to recover – and miss more school and more games.



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High School Football Player Victim of 'Second Impact Syndrome'

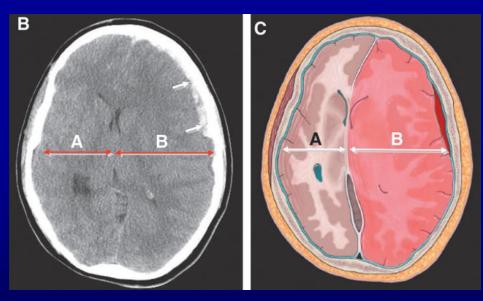
By SYDNEY LUPKIN · Jan. 1, 2013



http://abcnews.go.com/Health/impact-syndrome-high-school-football-player-normalct/story?id=18102534

#### Vulnerability: 'Second Impact Syndrome'

<u>Probable second impact syndrome</u>: N=5 Age: 17.2y Non-second impact syndrome (but <u>cerebral edema</u> or other neurological problems): N=11 Age: 19.0y



McCrory & Berkovic, Neurology, 1998

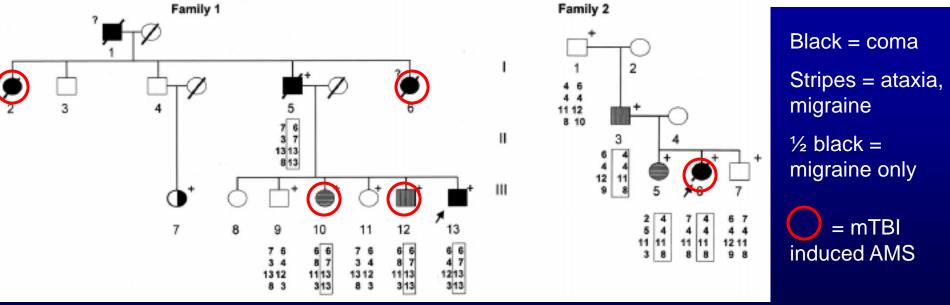
Rare post-concussive cerebral edema seems to occur more commonly in younger athletes

Second impact syndrome + small subdural hematoma: N=10 Age: 15.4y Cantu & Gean, J Neurotrauma, 2010

#### Delayed Cerebral Edema and Fatal Coma after Minor Head Trauma: Role of the CACNA1A Calcium Channel Subunit Gene and Relationship with Familial Hemiplegic Migraine

Esther E. Kors, MD,<sup>1</sup> Gisela M. Terwindt, MD, PhD,<sup>1</sup> Frans L.M.G. Vermeulen,<sup>2</sup> Robin B. Fitzsimons, MBBS, BSc(Med), PhD, FRACP,<sup>3</sup> Philip E. Jardine, MD, FRCPCH,<sup>4</sup> Peter Heywood, MD,<sup>5</sup> Seth Love, MBBCh, PhD, FRCP, FRCPath,<sup>6</sup> Arn M.J.M. van den Maagdenberg, PhD,<sup>2</sup> Joost Haan, MD, PhD,<sup>1,7</sup>

Rune R. Frants, PhD,<sup>2</sup> and Michel D. Ferrari, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>



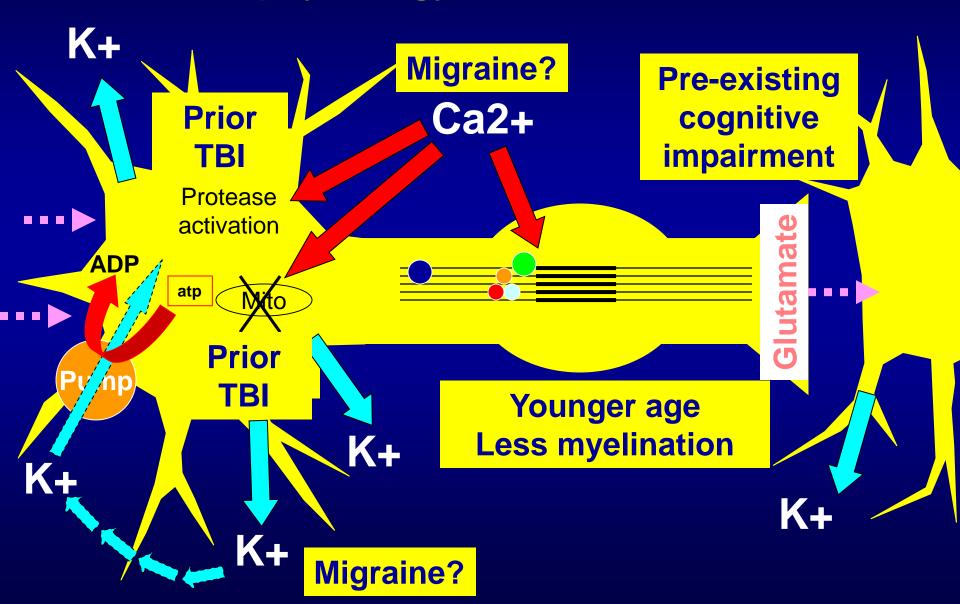
Kors EE, et al., Ann Neurol 2001

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#### Neurometabolic Cascade of mTBI: Pathophysiology Meets Risk Factors



#### **Risk Factors for Prolonged Recovery**

#### **Prior concussion**





Younger age

#### Headache



#### Fogginess





#### On-field AMS

#### Prior headaches





Learning disability / ADHD

Dizziness

#### Giza, Kutcher, et al., Neurol 2013

# Why Biology is Important

- 1. Acute pathophysiology is related to early symptoms and generally recovers over 7-14 days
- 2. Advances in neuroimaging support basic science understanding of concussion neurobiology. However, advanced MRI remains a research tool
- 3. Concussed athletes are more vulnerable to a second injury
- 4. Repeat concussions rarely cause second impact syndrome
- 5. Acute and subacute pathobiology may also be related to vulnerability to more persistent symptoms and development of post-concussion syndrome

## **Reaction time is Important**

