Neurobiology Matters: Mechanism-Based Intervention & Prognostication

November 6th, 2015 35min Austin, TX National Academy of Neuropsychology Annual Meeting

Christopher C. Giza, M.D. Pediatric Neurology and Neurosurgery

attached to recepto

Dendrite

Enzyme that destroy:

UCLA STEVE TISCH

Brain**×SP**

neurotransmitter

Neurotransmitter released into synapse

urotransmitte

red in vesicles

Mattel Children's Hospital UCLA

Credit where credit deserved!

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Basic Scientists David Hovda, Ph.D. Me Fernando Gomez-Pinilla, Ph.D. Neil Harris, Ph.D. Mayumi Prins, Ph.D. Raman Sankar, M.D., Ph.D. Rick Staba, Ph.D.

Residents/Fellows Adam Darby, M.D. Josh Kamins, M.D. Anish Patel, M.D. Doug Polster, Ph.D. Raj Rajaraman, M.D.

> <u>www.birc.ucla.edu</u> cgiza@mednet.ucla.edu Twitter: @griz1

Clinical Investigators Robert Asarnow, Ph.D. Talin Babikian, Ph.D. Meeryo Choe, M.D. John DiFiori, M.D. Jason Lerner, M.D. Andy Madikians, M.D. Joyce Matsumoto, M.D. David McArthur, Ph.D., M.P.H.

<u>Program Manager</u> Constance Johnson <u>Lab Assistants</u> Yan Cai, M.S. Sima Ghavim

Research Assistants Alma Martinez Briana Meyer Sonal Singh Max Zeiger

Nurse Practitioners Kristina Murata Sue Yudovin

<u>Graduate Students</u> Daya Alexander Chaitali Biswas, Ph.D. <u>Post-docs</u> Emily Dennis, Ph.D. Tiffany Greco, Ph.D. Annie Hoffman Ph.D.

<u>Students</u> Isaac Gadinsky Akash Patel

Medical Student Kyla Sherwood





Outline

- I. Post-Concussion Neural Activation
 - A. Synaptic dysfunction
 - **B.** Combination rehabilitative and pharmacotherapy
- **II.** Post-Concussion Axonal Dysfunction
 - A. Axonal white matter injury
 - B. Axonal plasticity?
- III. Chronic Neurocognitive Impairment and Neurodegeneration



Developmental TBI: Glutamate-NMDAR dysfunction



N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) Receptor = IQ Gene???? Different types: NR2A, NR2B



reduced after developmental TBI.

Giza, Santa Maria & Hovda, J. Neurotrauma 2006

Synaptic Impairment: Translation

Does glutamate image your thoughts?





Glutamate neurotransmission drives the (BOLD) signal seen on fMRI

Bonvento, G. et.al., TINS, 2002

Post-TBI Impaired Activation: Translational Imaging







After TBI, children show much less network activation during a memory task

Prins, et al., in Ped TBI, Anderson & Yeates, eds 2010; Cazalis et al., Front Neurol 2011

After TBI, immature rats show much less hippocampal activation when given glutamatergic meds.

Santa Maria N.S., et al., in revision 2013

Impaired Neurotransmission: Effect of excitatory therapy



D-Cycloserine (DCS) Treatment Reverses TBI Dysfunction



- NMDAR co-agonist
- Binds at glycine site
- FDA approved agent (for TB)
- Good bioavailability
- Penetrates BBB



Treatment with DCS restores normal NR2A levels in rats

Santa Maria N.S., et al, J Neurotrauma abst 2007



"I go home today. They cured me using this new miracle drug. I'm afraid it'll be years before it's approved for humans."

Translation: Combined Cognitive & Pharmacotherapy









PI: Asarnow, Giza, NINDS R21 grant, 2014-2016

Post-mTBI Impaired Activation



Griesbach, et. al. Neurosci 2004

Stress, exercise & mTBI





Forced exercise induces a sustained stress response not seen with voluntary exercise

Griesbach et al., J Neurotrauma, 2012



Forced exercise induces

- increase HPA activity,
- · higher core temperature and
- reduced HR elevation in response to exercise

Voluntary subacute exercise does not induce stress response & increased BDNF

Griesbach et al., J Neurotrauma, 2014

Exercise as Treatment?

- Active exercise improves symptoms
- Athletes may improve more rapidly
- Exercise tolerance improves with training



Leddy JJ, et al., Clin J Sport Med 2010

Gagnon I, et al., Scand J Med Sci Sport 2015

Active rehab for concussion?



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Unmyelinated axons are more vulnerable than myelinated

36°

23°

23°

'n



N1 = myelinated shows recovery





Reeves TM, et al. Exp Neurol, 2005

Neurometabolic Cascade of mTBI: Chronic Pathophysiology



Chronic Pathophysiology?



White matter abnormalities seen after pediatric mTBI subacutely (2 wks) and chronically (4 mos).

Mayer AR et al., J Neurosci 2012



Measures	Controls Mean (SD)	Concussed Mean (SD)	F	Р
P3a				
Amplitude	4.50 (2.32)	2.94 (1.67)	5.67	< 0.05
Latency	359.6 (35.5)	387.2 (44.9)	4.43	< 0.05
P3b				
Amplitude	5.25 (2.11)	4.18 (1.99)	2.57	>0.05
Latency	362.9 (28.9)	397.6 (57.0)	5.58	< 0.05

Decreased electrophysiological potentials, NP scores and movement speed in subjects with remote concussion (>25+ yrs) vs controls.

DeBeaumont L et al., Brain 2009

Axonal Damage in Subconcussion: DTI



Heading exposure was related to decreases in white matter integrity (FA) in 3 regions, and in memory test scores.

Lipton et al., Radiology 2013

Treatment: Training & White Matter Plasticity

Altering Cortical Connectivity: Remediation-Induced Changes in the White Matter of Poor Readers

Timothy A. Keller^{1,*} and Marcel Adam Just¹





Keller & Just, Neuron 2009

Bimanual motor training (juggling) increased gray matter density (red) and white matter FA (blue)





Zatorre, et al., Nature Neurosci 2012



Afghanistan, January 2011

Effects of Blast



WELCOME TO WELCOME TO KANDAHAR AIRFIELD

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ESTABLISHED IN 1812

JUNE 2, 2011

VOL. 364 NO. 22

Mac Donald CL. et al. NEJM 2011

Peduncle

P<0.001

(14)

TBI

Detection of Blast-Related Traumatic Brain Injury in U.S. Military Personnel



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mTBI followed by Fear Conditioning



Day0: Concussive Injury (LFPI) (unconscious 3-7min)



Day2: Train



- No Freezing Prior to Shock
- ✓ Learning Curves Normal
- Reactivity to Shock Normal

Enhanced Fear-Based Learning after mTBI



Reger M.L., et al., Biol Psych, 2012

Potential Mechanisms of Enhanced Fear post-mTBI







Experimental TBI followed by fear conditioning results in excitatoryinhibitory imbalance.



Reger M.L., et al., Biol Psych 2012

Chronic Neurocognitive Impairment (CNI) vs. Chronic Traumatic Encephalopathy (CTE)

Chronic Neurocognitive Impairment (CNI)

- Decrement in function
- May be static
- Detected in living patients
- May be measured by neuropsych testing, neurological measures or behavioral screening questionnaires.
- Causal link not established, but suggested by dose-dependent risk in studies of professional athletes (Class I-II).

<u>Chronic Traumatic</u> <u>Encephalopathy (CTE)</u>

- Neurodegenerative disease
- Presumed progressive
- Detected post-mortem
- Characterized **pathologically** by tau accumulation in brain
- Causal link not yet established, current data is only case reports/series (Class IV)

Harmon et al., AMSSM Position Statement, BJSM 2013 Giza, Kutcher et al., AAN Guideline, Neurol 2013



Repeat mild TBI: Metabolism & Timing



2nd concussion during metabolic impairment results in worse metabolic disruption and cognition

Glucose metabolism

— Single Impact

 2nd TBI induced DURING the depressed metabolic phase from the 1st TBI



Prins ML, et al., J Neurotrauma 2013

Repeat mild TBI: Acute-to-chronic linkage





Repeat mTBI in youth worsens amyloidosis. Impact Interval Matters.

Alexander D, et al. J Neurotrauma abstract 2014

Imaging Tau in vivo





FDDNP-PET binds both amyloid & tau; but signal in mesial temporal structures is more likely to be tau & differs from pattern seen in Alzheimers

Increased F¹⁸–T807 but not F¹⁸-Florbetapir was detected in vivo in a symptomatic retired NFL player

Barrio J., et al., PNAS 2015

Mitsis EM, et al., Transl Psychiatry 2014

Why Biology is Important

- **1. Neural activation is impaired following TBI**
- 2. Recovery after TBI may be enhanced by combination of behavioral and pharmacological activation
- 3. Network connectivity and axonal integrity is damaged after TBI
- 4. Active rehabilitation may restore axonal damage and/or improve functional recovery
- 5. Chronic post-TBI outcomes are not the same: Postconcussion syndrome, cognitive impairment, behavioral impairment (anxiety, PTSD, depression), CTE
- 6. Causal linkages need to be proven between acute TBI/concussion and chronic neurobehavioral deficits

It's Just a Game