

Reengineering Healthcare Delivery: Optimizing Outcomes in Chronic Disease and Hospital Care

Richard V. Milani, MD Chief Clinical Transformation Officer Ochsner Health System, New Orleans, LA USA

Our Discussion Today

Reengineering Care Delivery to Manage Chronic Disease

Reengineering Hospital Care to Improve Patient Outcomes

Reengineering Care Delivery to Manage Chronic Disease

Overview of Global Health Status

Factors Contributing to Poor Health Outcomes

Encouraging Positive Behavior Change

Intervening and Engaging Patients

Reengineering Care Delivery to Manage Chronic Disease

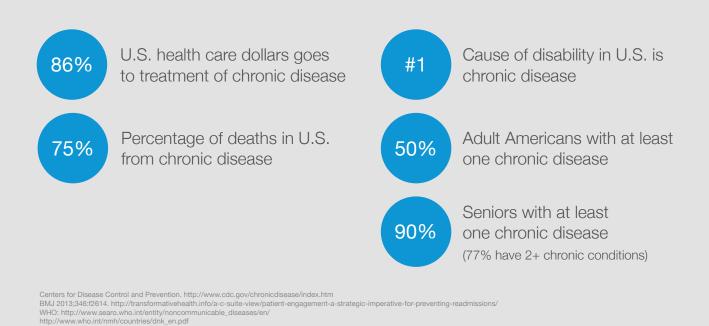
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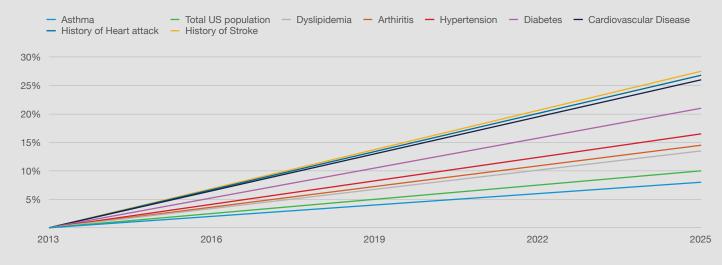
Intervening and Engaging Patients

Population Health Facts



Projected Growth

Projected growth in population with chronic conditions 2013–2025



Dall TM, et al Health Affairs 2013;32:2013-2020.



Tobacco Use

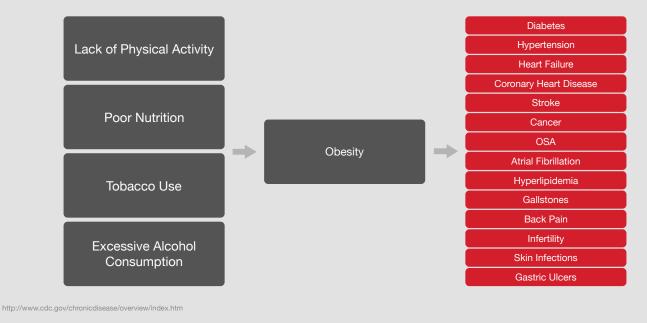
Excessive Alcohol Consumption

Major Causes of Chronic Disease Health behaviors



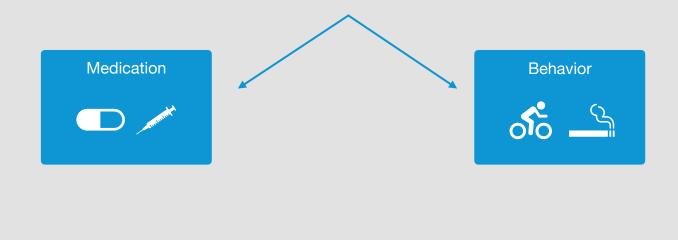
http://www.cdc.gov/chronicdisease/overview/index.htm

Major Causes of Chronic Disease Health behaviors

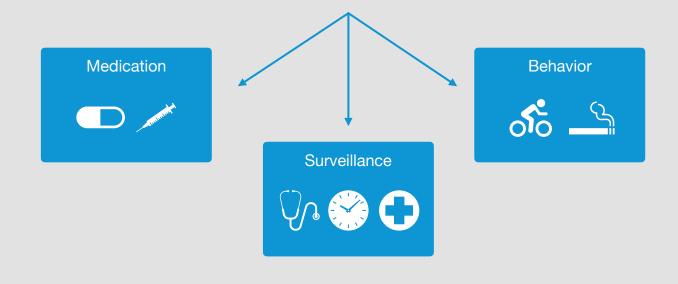


Management of Chronic Disease Today

Management of Chronic Disease Today



Management of Chronic Disease Today



Management of Chronic Disease Today



Adherence to Quality Indicators In chronic disease



Condition	No. of Indicators	% of Recommended Care Received
Overall care	439	54.9%
Hypertension	27	64.7%
Heart failure	36	63.9%
COPD	20	58.0%
Asthma	25	53.5%
Hyperlipidemia	7	48.6%
Diabetes mellitus	13	45.4%
Peptic ulcer disease	8	32.7%
Atrial fibrillation	10	24.7%

McGlynn EA, et al. N Engl J Med 2003;348:2635-45.

Behavior Change Healthy food



Surveillance

Google Food Team and Yale Center for Customer Insights

- Wellness initiatives fail because they rely on placing too much emphasis on providing information
- Evidence from behavioral economics has shown that information rarely succeeds in changing behavior or building new habits or food choices
- Behavior often diverges from intentions
 - Self-control is taxed by any type of depletion
 - Necessity of making food decisions many times a day means we can't devote much processing power to each choice
 - Eating behaviors tend to be habit and instinct-driven

Chance Z, ey al. Harvard Business Review, March, 2016.



The average patient with **uncontrolled** hypertension sees the doctor 4 times/year.

Consultation Length by Country



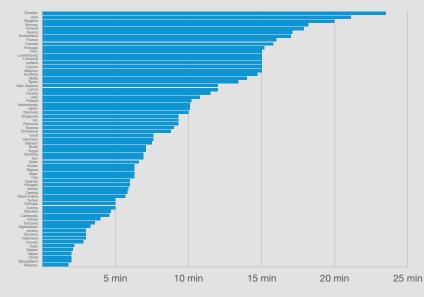
28,570,712 consultations in 67 countries:

The average time a Primary Care physician spends with each patient ranges from 48 seconds to 22.5 minutes.

Source: Irving G, et al. BMJ Open 2017;7:e017902. doi:10.1136/ bmjopen-2017-017902. Milani RV, et al. Am J Med 2015:128:337-343.

Consultation Length by Country



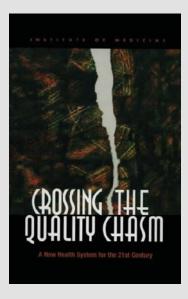


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Why do we fail?



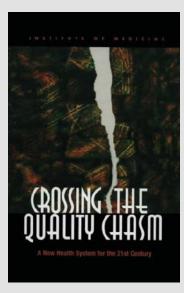


Quality problems occur typically

not because of failure of goodwill, knowledge, effort, or resources devoted to health care, but because of fundamental shortcomings in the way care is organized...

Trying harder will not work...Changing care systems will.

Institute of Medicine





Our current health care delivery

system, which is organized around professionals and types of institutions, grew out of a need to provide primarily acute care rather than chronic care.

This is one kind of chasm we have to cross.

The health care delivery system must be reorganized to meet the real needs of patients.

Institute of Medicine

The National Academies Press

Challenges Physicians Face

Challenges Physicians Face



Time

Face-to-face patient care accounts for 55% of average workday (guidelines for just 10 chronic diseases would require 10.6 hours/day)

Milani RV, et al. Am J Med 2015:128:337-343.

Challenges Physicians Face



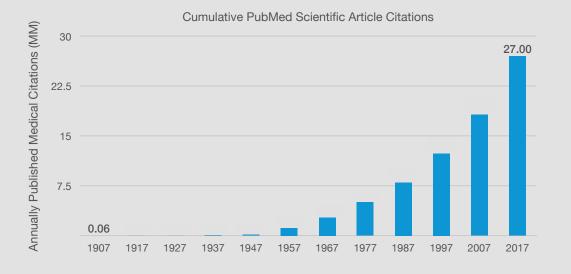
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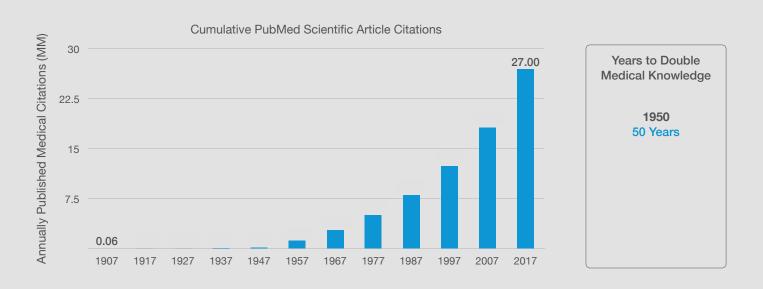


Rapidly Growing Medical Database Now 1.9 million peer-reviewed articles/year

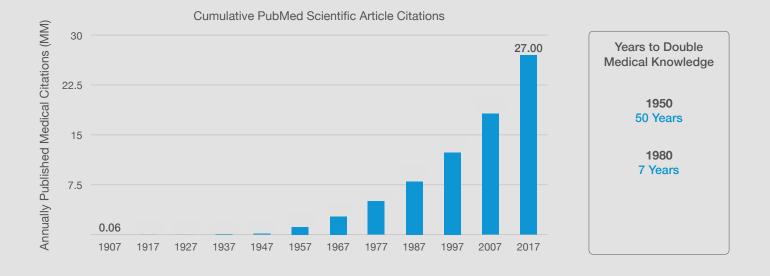
Rise in Inputs + Data Medical research/knowledge growing exponentially



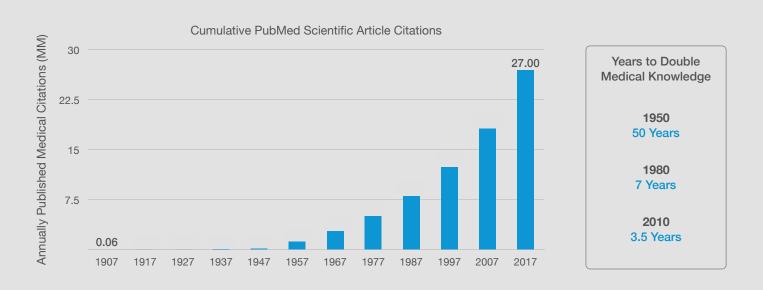
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Challenges Physicians Face



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Rapidly Growing Medical Database Now 1.9 million peer-reviewed articles/year



Therapeutic Inertia Noted in 87% of visits for uncontrolled hypertension



Model of Care Delivery Limits patient touches, actionable biologic data, course correction

Milani RV, et al. Am J Med 2015:128:337-343.

Reengineering Care Delivery to Manage Chronic Disease

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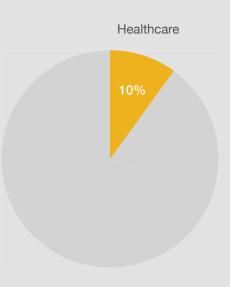
Intervening and Engaging Patients





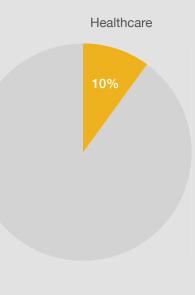


Health Status Influencing factors

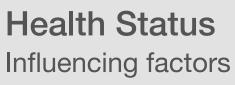


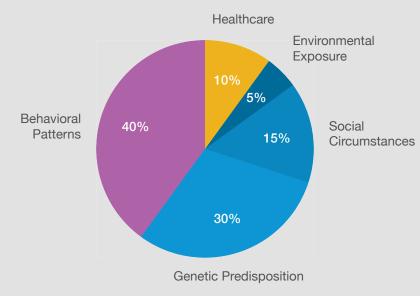
Schroeder SA. N Engl J Med 2007;357:1221-8.

Health Status Influencing factors

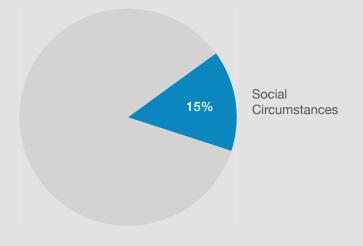


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Health Status Influencing factors

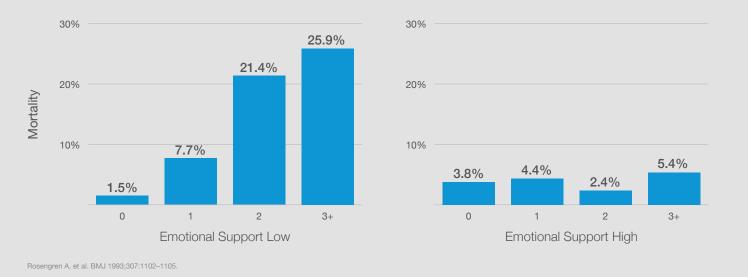


Schroeder SA. N Engl J Med 2007;357:1221-8.



Emotional Support Buffers Stressful Life Events

Number of Stressful Life Events



Social Integration in Chronic Disease



Number of Social Connections

1

2

3

Women

4

Berkman LF, et al. Am J Epidemiology 1979;109:186-204.

Heart Failure Program Inpatient intervention

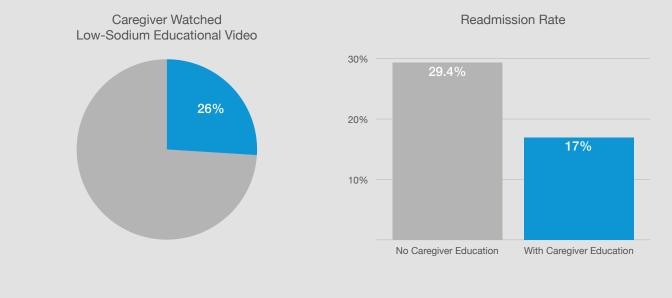
Heart Failure Program Inpatient intervention

Scores high on sodium consumption

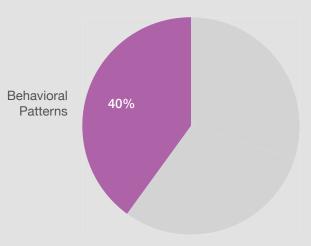
- "Who shops for your groceries?"
- "Who prepares your meals?"
- Patient views video on importance of low sodium foods
- Individual(s) who shops for and prepares meals sent email with literature and video link



Impact of Caregiver Dietary Education on Readmission



How Much of an Impact?



Medication Adherence Facts

50% of patients with chronic disease do not take meds as prescribed

Increased morbidity and death

Estimated cost ~\$100B/year

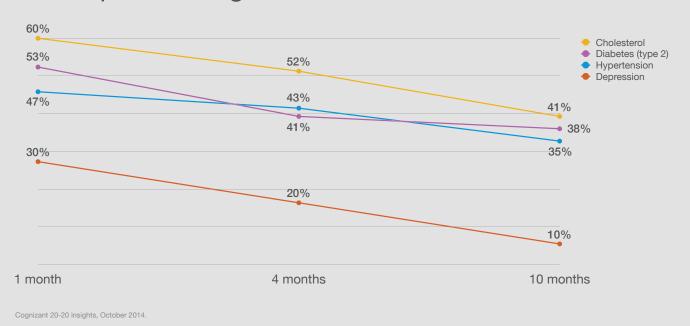


Increasing the effectiveness of adherence interventions may have a far greater impact on health of the population than any improvement in specific medical treatments.



Brown MT, et al. Mayo Clin Proc. 2011;86:304–314 Sabate E, et al. World Health Organization. Geneva, Switzerland. 2003

Therapeutic Adherence Levels plummeting over time

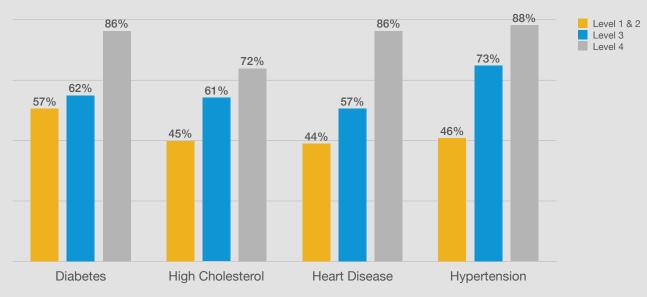


Patient Activation An incremental process

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Disengaged and overwhelmed Individuals are passive and lack confidence. Knowledge is low, goal-orientation is weak, and adherence is poor. Their perspective: "My doctor is in charge of my health."	Becoming aware, but still struggling	Taking action	Maintaining behaviors and pushing further

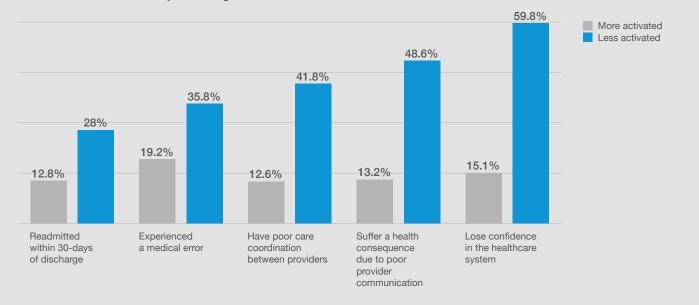
Hibbard JH, Greene J. What The Evidence Shows About Patient Activation: Better Health Outcomes And Care Experiences; Fewer Data On Costs. Health Affairs, 32, no.2 (2013):207–214

Patient Activation Level Medication adherence in chronic disease



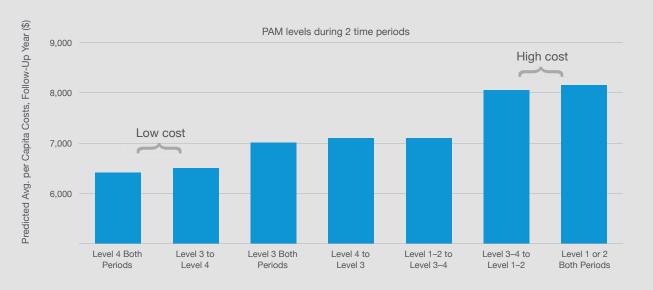
Increasing Patient Activation to Improve Health and Reduce Costs. Judith H. Hibbard, DrPH. Institute for Policy Research and Innovation. University of Oregon

Patient Activation Level Healthcare quality



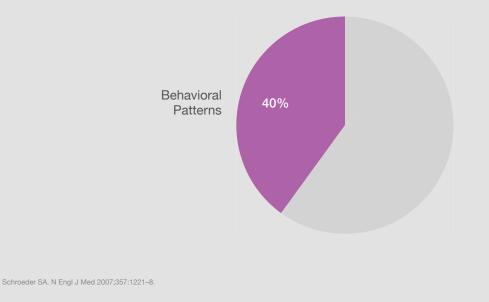
Adapted from AARP & You, "Beyond 50.09" Patient Survey. Published in AARP Magazine. Study population age 50+ with at least 1 chronic condition. More Activated = Levels 3 & 4, Less Activated = Levels 1 & 2

Patient Activation Level Healthcare costs in follow-up year by change in PAM

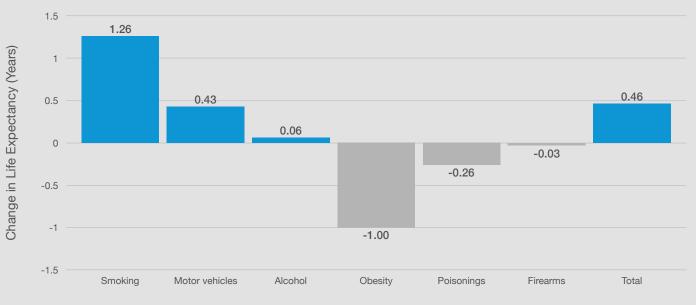


Greene J, et al. Health Aff 2015;34:431-437

Does Changing Behaviors Change Outcomes?



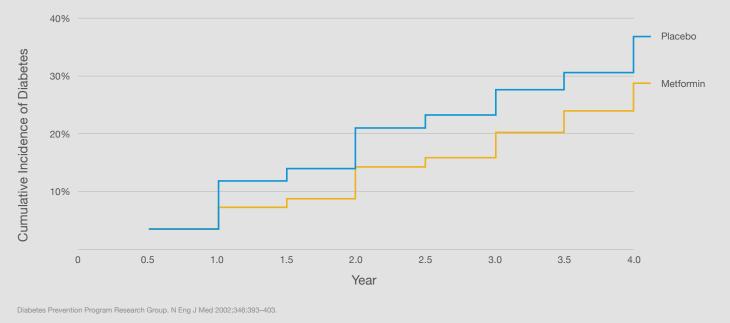
Behavioral Changes Impact on life expectancy



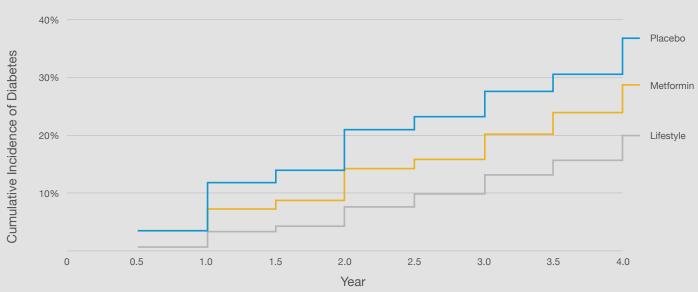
National Health Interview Survey, National Health and Nutrition Survey

Benefits of Behavior Change

Diabetes prevention program



Benefits of Behavior Change



Diabetes prevention program

Diabetes Prevention Program Research Group. N Eng J Med 2002;346:393-403.

Reengineering Care Delivery to Manage Chronic Disease

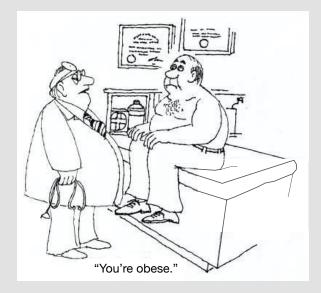
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Social Contagion

Many health behaviors impacted through social interactions

Smoking

Eating

Exercise

Weight

Medication adherence



The Power of Peer Influence

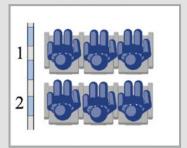
65,525 transactions

1,966 flights

257,000 passengers

Excluded people flying together, kids

Tests purely the effect of a stranger's choice



Time 1: Purchasing window begins

Gardete, P.M. Journal of Marketing Research. 2015;52:360-374.

The Power of Peer Influence

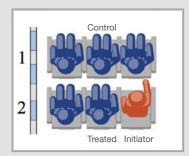
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Time 2: Purchase occurs i.e. experiment begins

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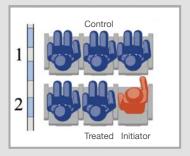
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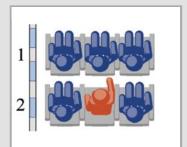


Time 2: Purchase occurs i.e. experiment begins

The Power of Peer Influence

On average, people purchased a movie or snack 15–16% of the time

If you saw someone next to you order something, your chances of buying something increased by 30%



Time 3A: Treated passenger buys

Gardete, P.M. Journal of Marketing Research. 2015;52:360-374.

Aspirin Use and Cardiovascular Events in Social Networks

Women

More likely to take aspirin if a brother had been recently taking aspirin

More likely to take aspirin if a female friend recently had a CV event

Men

More likely to take aspirin if a male friend had recently been taking aspirin

More likely to take aspirin if a brother recently had a CV event

Aspirin Use and Cardiovascular Events in Social Networks

Women

More likely to take aspirin if a brother had been recently taking aspirin

friend recently had a CV event

More likely to take aspirin if a female

More likely to take aspirin if a male friend had recently been taking aspirin

Men

More likely to take aspirin if a brother recently had a CV event

Aspirin use is correlated with the health and behavior of friends and family

Strully KW, et al. Social Science and Medicine 2012;74:1125-1129.

Smoking Cessation Impacted through social interactions

Smoking cessation appears to spread from person-to-person

Decisions to quit smoking is not done in isolation, but rather reflect choices made by groups connected to each other

People appear to act under collective pressures within niches in their social network



Smoking Cessation Impacted through social interactions

Relationship	Behavioral Impact	Requirements	Details
Spouse	67%	N/A	-
Friend 1	61%	Educated subject and friend	≥ 1 year college
Friend 2	57%	Educated subject	≥ 1 year college
Friend 3	55%	Educated friend	≥ 1 year college
Friend 4	43%	Mutual friends	\leftrightarrow
Friend 5	36%	Any friends	\rightarrow
Co-worker	34%	Small firm	≤ 6 employees
Sibling	25%	N/A	-

Christakis NA, et al. N Engl J Med 2008;358:2249-2258.

Obesity Impacted through social interactions

Relationship	Behavioral Impact	Requirements	Details
Spouse	37%	n/a	-
Friend 1	57%	alter friend	alter obese
Friend 2	0%	perceived friend only by alter	alter obese
Friend 3	71%	same sex alter friend	alter obese
Friend 4	171%	same sex mutual friends	\leftrightarrow
Friend 5	0%	opposite sex alter friend	
Adult sibling	55%	same sex	sibling obese
Immediate neighbor	0%		-

Christakis NA, et al. N Engl J Med 2007;357:370-9.

Changing Dietary Behavior Fresh fruit consumption

National School Lunch Program began recommending apples to being served, to school children, however the majority of apples (> 60%) ended up in the trash, virtually untouched.



Lansink B, et al. Am J Prev Med 2013;44:477-480.

Changing Dietary Behavior

Fresh fruit consumption

National School Lunch Program began recommending apples to being served, to school children, however the majority of apples (> 60%) ended up in the trash, virtually untouched.

Studies have since demonstrated that apple consumption increases by more than 70% when apples were served as slices.

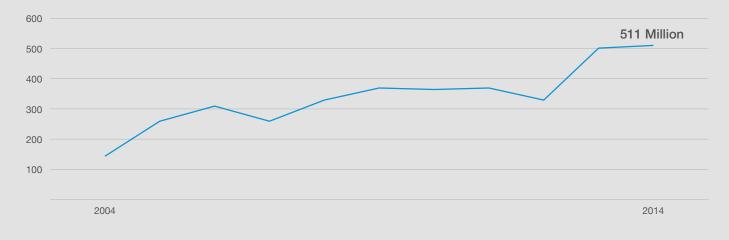


The Rise in Sliced Apples

U.S. Sliced Apple Consumption, Millions of Apples

USDA. WAPO.ST/WONKBLOG

The Rise in Sliced Apples



U.S. Sliced Apple Consumption, Millions of Apples

USDA. WAPO.ST/WONKBLOG

Timely or Unexpected Support

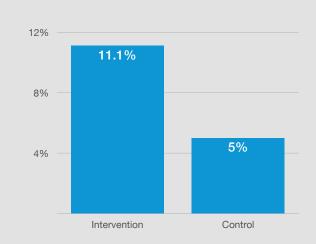


Smoking Cessation

Texting as a means of changing behavior

Messages tailored

- Participant's first name
- Gender
- Chosen quit date
- Top 3 reasons for quitting
- Money saved
- Person selected for social support
- Triggers for smoking (up to 5)



Abstinence Rate

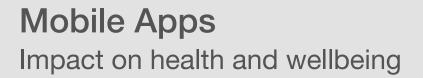
Lifestyle-Focused Texts Effect on patients with coronary heart disease

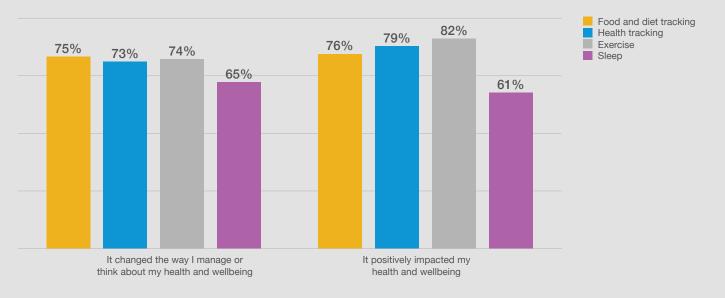
A Randomized Clinical Trial

Clara K. Chow, MBBS, PhD; Julie Redfern, PhD; Graham S. Hillis, MBChB, PhD, Jay Thakkar, MBBS; Karla Santo, MBBS; Maree L. Hackett, PhD; Stephen Jan, PhD; Nicholas Graves, PhD; Laura de Keizer, BSc (Nutr); Tony Barry, BSc; Severine Bornpoint, BSc (Stats); Sandarine Stepien, MBiostat

LDL-C	-6%	0.04
Systolic BP	-6%	<0.001
BMI	-4%	<0.001
Physical activity (MET)	+46%	0.003
Smoking	-39%	<0.001

Original Investigation. Chow CK, et al. JAMA 2015; 314:1255-1263.





http://www.statista.com/statistics/472899/impact-of-health-and-wellbeing-mobile-apps-use-in-the-uk-by-mobile-app-type/

Patients Prefer Apps In chronic disease

2,000 patients with chronic disease and a smartphone

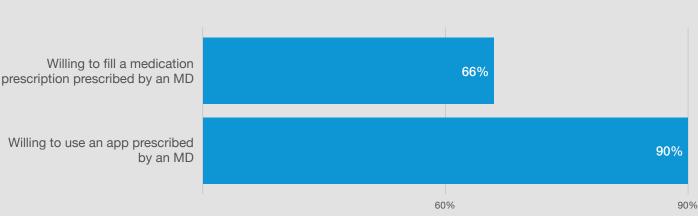
Willing to fill a medication prescription prescribed by an MD

Willing to use an app prescribed by an MD

20 different chronic disease including cardiac, GI, respiratory, CNS, and diabetes

mobihealthnews.com/23418/most-patients-want-their-doctors-to-prescribe-apps/

Patients Prefer Apps In chronic disease



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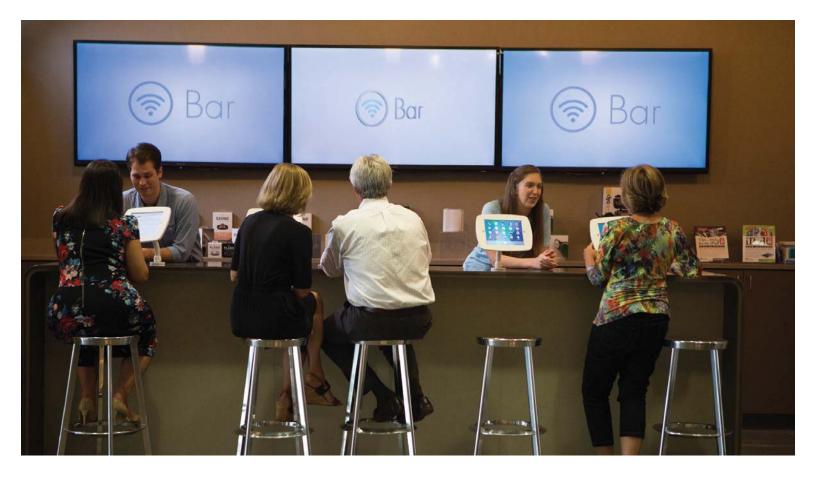


Among the tens of thousands of health apps and numerous devices, how do you decide what's effective?









O Bar

Enables patients in self-discovery

Apps create independence with profound results in lifestyle change

Promotes engagement





Forbes

Ochsner is First in Nation to Manage Chronic Diseases with Apple Watch

Patients with hypertension have a new tool to keep their numbers in check.



Ochsner Health System is using wellness apps to keep patients healthy.

CNN Money

Apple HealthKit to Help Combat Chronic Diseases

Health care technology lets patients share important data with their physician between doctor visits.

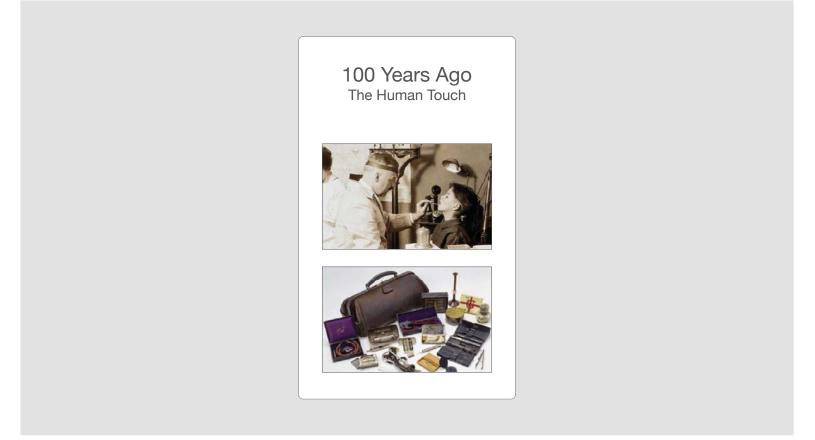
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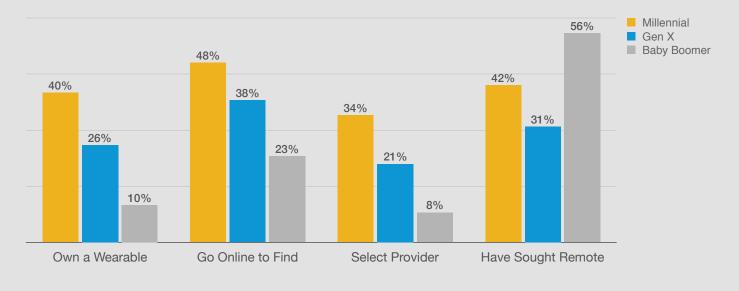
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Consumers Increasingly expect digital health services

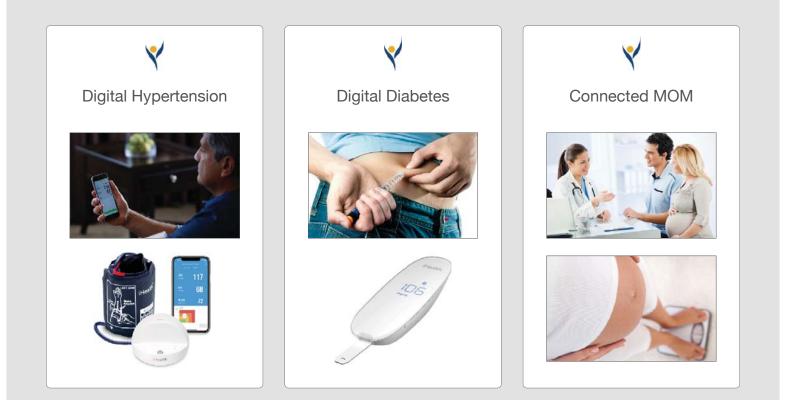


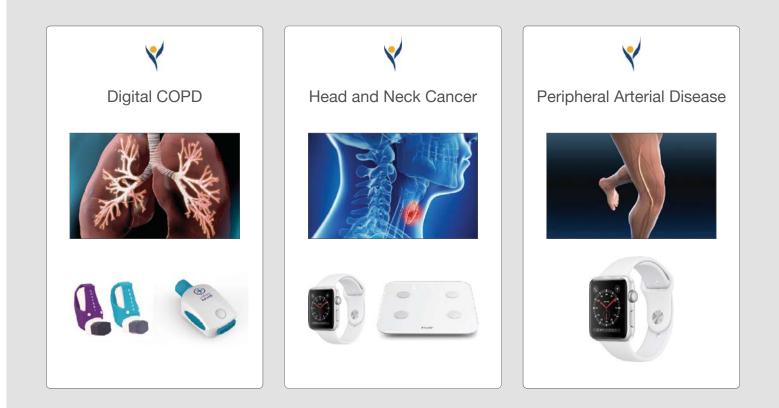
Source: Rock Health Digital Health Consumer Adoption (12/16)



Where Can Digital Technology Have Its Greatest Effect in Healthcare?

In Disease Processes of Long Duration

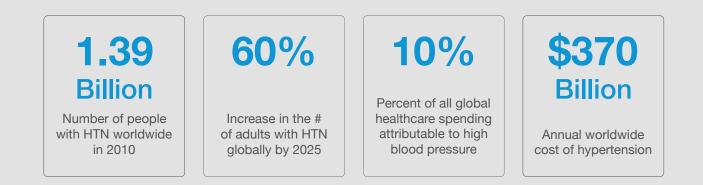






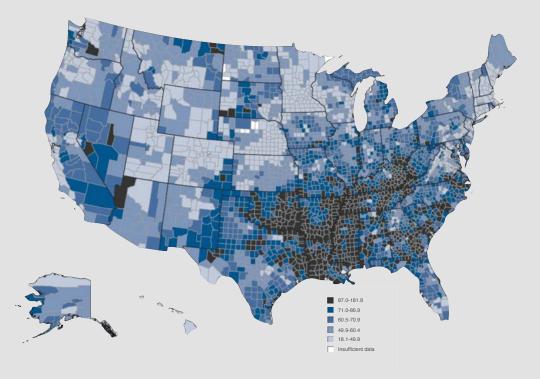
NHS. http://www.nhs.uk/Tools/Pages/NHSAtlasofrisk.aspx

Hypertension Major public health concern

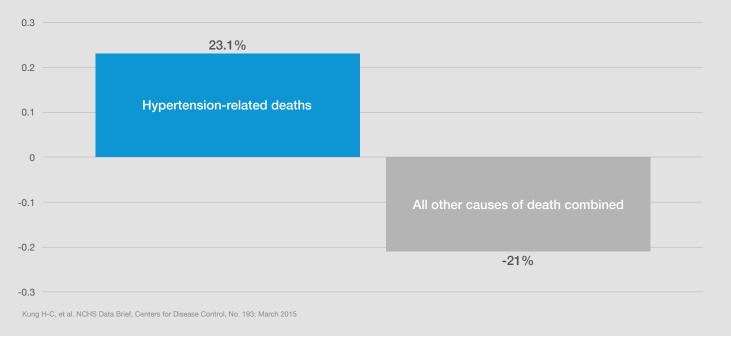


Kearney PM, et al. Lancet 2005;365:217–223. Gaziano AB, et al. J Hypertens 2009;27:1472–1477. Source: World Health Organization. Noncommunicable Diseases in the South-East Asia Region. 2011. http://apps.searo.who.int/PDS_DOCS/B4793.pdf Bloch MJ, et al. JASH 2016;10:753–754.

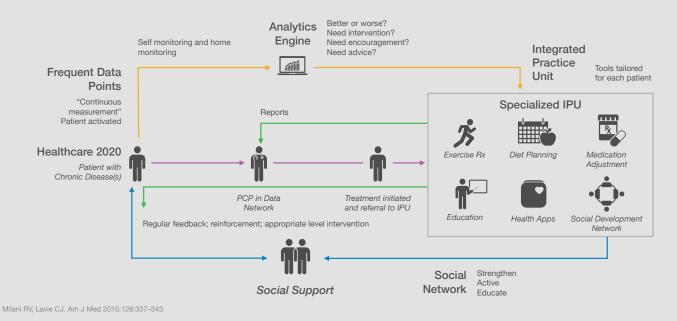
Hypertension-Related Deaths - United States, 2008-2010



U.S. Age-Adjusted Death Rates 2000–2013



Chronic Disease Care New delivery model



AHA/ASH Scientific Statement Home blood pressure monitoring

Current technology is accurate, reliable, easy to use, and inexpensive

Home BP readings are

- Better predictor of CV risk than office measurements
- More reproducible and show better correlation with measures of target organ damage
- · Shown to improve medication adherence

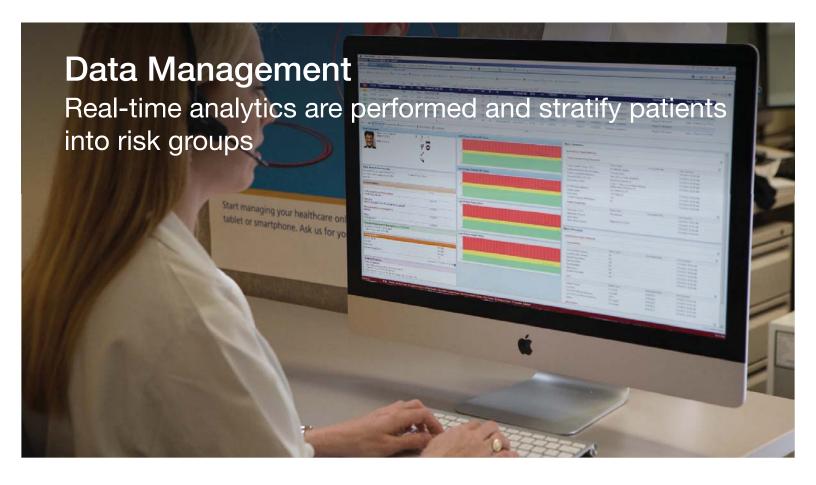


Pickering TG, et al. Hypertension 2008;52:10-29.

Data Management Data algorithms

Customized data visualization tools that reduces chart time and maximizes care team efficiency and accuracy

Posity (Rx14, MRN Palant \$75218 Mater, May Anna	Sex Age Roce	Responde Provide	Cast BP	Left BP Date			Last 3 Croid?	Last BM	Leo Leot K+ Dt					E Outreach Outcome Teophane: Campleted	Snatyhore Apple: Ehans E or E (hus)
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Patient Information			Outpatient Hyp	ertension Ma	Scations a	is of A	18/2016					Last 30 days	Systelic Br	Values	(
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			Goals									List 30 days	Dissolic B	P Values	
Digital Medicine Sticky Note										fest Rei	and .	12			COMPANY OF THE OWNER
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Current Problems *			Fillood Pressa	re to greater th	lan 140/99				101	71.6414	(11/29/11)				
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Overview			Malenda a los	and set of the						and and find	A (2/10216)	- 16			
This asserts Hypertension is seng managestry Cuturian Digital Mediume Pharmasols based at a Collaborative Drug Therapy Manajemant agreement signed by Dutrik, MICHAEL			Exercise								Last 30 days Pulse Values				
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Other															
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Patient Outwach History (Since 4/20/2011)	N.		Weight									*	_		
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Date Method of Associated Outwards Actions	User 1	test Ourstach	000000000						:6	106051	10				
2/10016 454 Talephone	Kerin Driscol 3	V1/2011	My Last Outpat	iest Progress	Note Volt	in 2110	2018					-	_		
PM 10700161154 Telephone	Keris Driscall								1111 to 110	ing had					

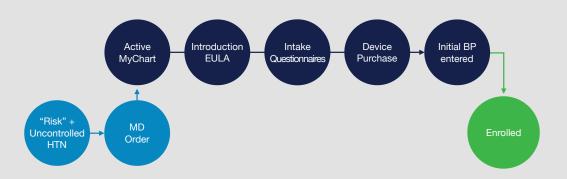


Hypertension Enrollment Start enrollment

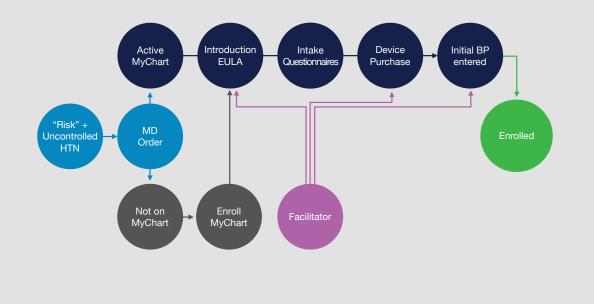
Hypertension Enrollment Start enrollment



Hypertension Enrollment Start enrollment



Hypertension Enrollment Start enrollment



Patient Characterization Onboarding

Patient Characterization Onboarding

Dietary analysis Medication adherence Living circumstances Medication affordability Social network Caregiver support

Depression Patient activation measure Physical activity index Health literacy Transportation issues Access to care

Milani RV, Lavie CJ. Am J Med 2015;128:337-343.

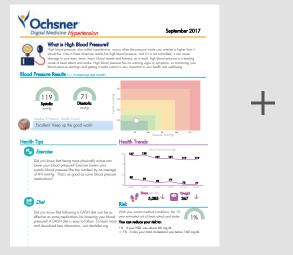


Goals of the IPU in Chronic Disease Management

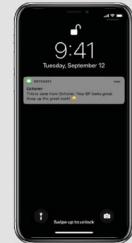
- 1. Use evidence-based guidelines to achieve disease-based targets (including a focus on lifestyle)
- 2. Increase patient activation

Automated Patient Feedback

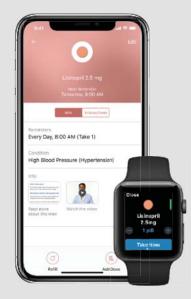
Patients receive a monthly report card



As well as encouragement



Medication Reminders



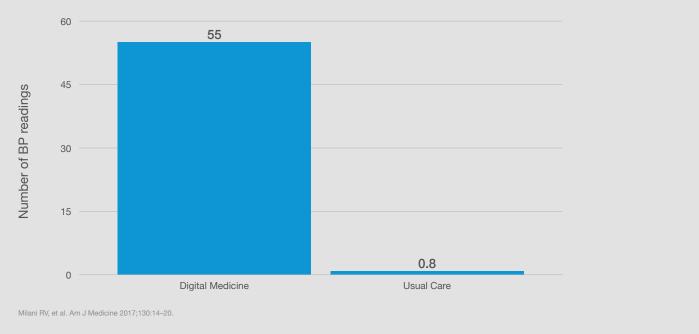
Outcomes

Blood pressure control

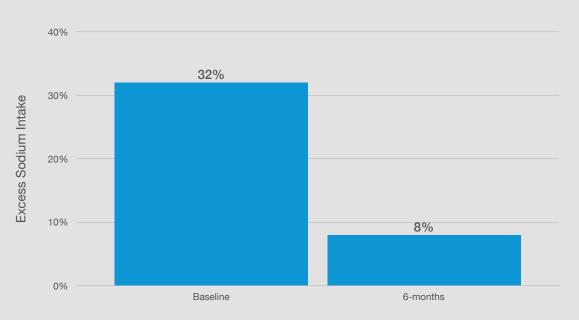
Patient satisfaction

Patient activation

BP Data Collected 90-Days



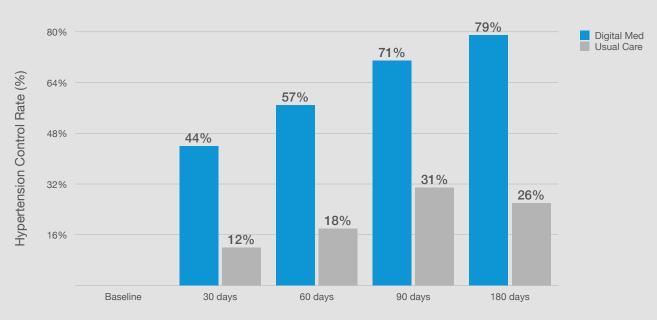
Reduction in Sodium Consumption



Patients Achieving Goal BP

Milani RV, et al. Am J Medicine 2017;130:14-20.

Patients Achieving Goal BP



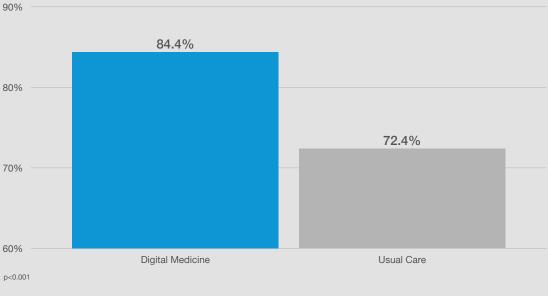
Patient-Level Outcomes

Overall satisfaction

p<0.001

Milani RV, et al. Am J Medicine 2017;130:14-20.

Patient-Level Outcomes Overall satisfaction



Patient-Level Outcomes Activation

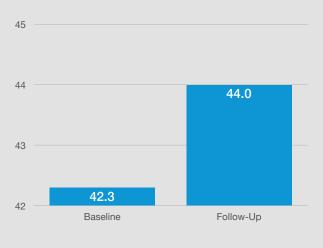
Mean Patient Activation

% Low Patient Activation

p<0.05

Milani RV, et al. Am J Medicine 2017;130:14-20.

Patient-Level Outcomes Activation

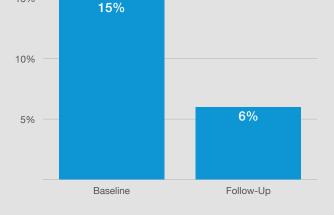


Mean Patient Activation

p<0.05

15%



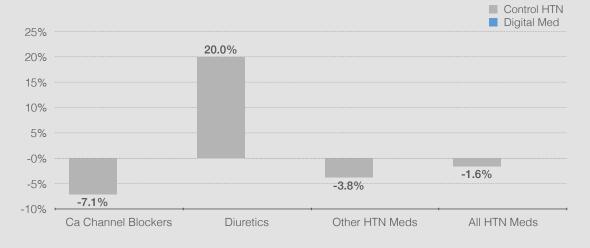


Medication-level Outcomes Adherence - Proportion of Days Covered (PDC)

Change in Medication Adherence (PDC ≥ 80%) at 6 months

Source: Blue Cross Blue Shield of Louisiana

Medication-level Outcomes Adherence - Proportion of Days Covered (PDC)

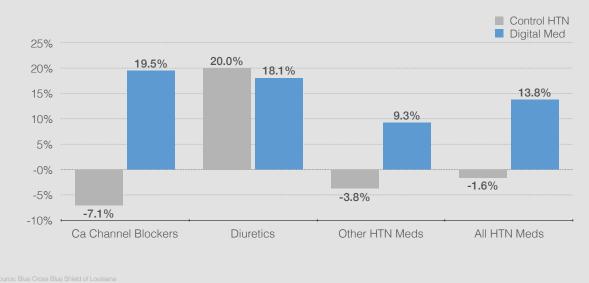


Change in Medication Adherence (PDC \ge 80%) at 6 months

Source: Blue Cross Blue Shield of Louisiana

Medication-level Outcomes Adherence - Proportion of Days Covered (PDC)

Change in Medication Adherence (PDC \ge 80%) at 6 months

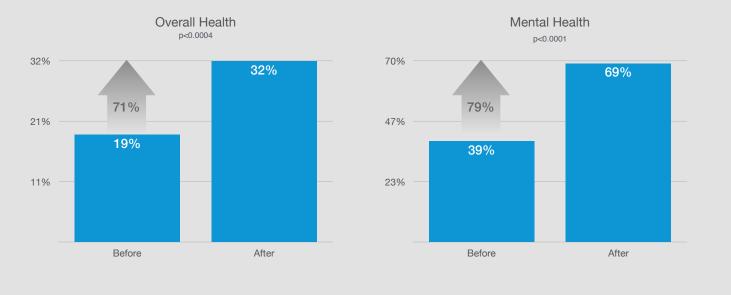


Patient-Level Outcomes, Health Consumer assessment of healthcare providers and systems

Overall Health

Mental Health p<0.0001 cahps

Patient-Level Outcomes, Health Consumer assessment of healthcare providers and systems



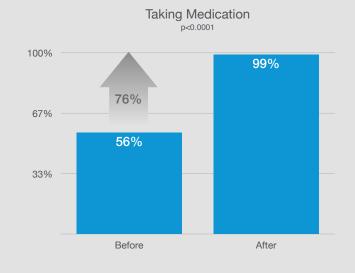
Patient-Level Outcomes, Medication comps Consumer assessment of healthcare providers and systems

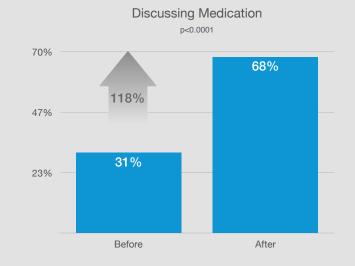
Taking Medication

Discussing Medication

cahps

Patient-Level Outcomes, Medication comps Consumer assessment of healthcare providers and systems







Why Utilize Virtual Care?

Top three reasons why consumers tried virtual health

37%

It was more **convenient** than traditional, in-person health services

34%

I use technology in **all aspects** of my life and want to do the same with healthcare



34%

I was **curious** to try getting healthcare services virtually

Source: Accenture 2017 Consumer Survey on Virtual Health

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Source: Accenture 2017 Consumer Survey on Virtual Health

_									
	Evidence-Base								
Phari	m-APP	Phar	m-APP	Pharm-APP med management					
med ma	nagement	med m	anagement						
Hypertension	Heart failure	Diabetes	COPD/asthma	HLP	CAD				

Pharm-APP Pharm-APP Pharm-APP Pharm-APP med management med management med management med management Hypertension Heart failure Diabetes COPD/asthma HLP CAD Image: Ima
Hypertension Heart failure Diabetes COPD/asthma HLP CAD
Guideline-based Pharmacologic Management

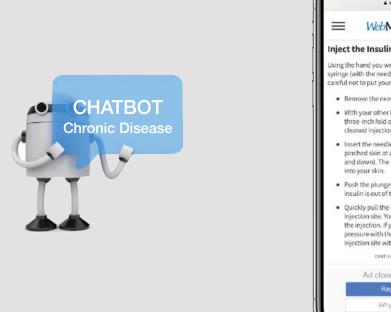
Social	Evidence-Base									
Behavioral	Pharr	n-APP	Phar	m-APP	Pharm-APP med management					
	med ma	nagement	med ma	anagement						
Health coach	Hypertension	Heart failure	Diabetes	COPD/asthma	HLP	CAD				
Activity										
Diet										
Addiction										
Adherence										
Depression										
Social isolation										
Med afforability										
Transportation										
Health literacy										
Fam/caregiver support										
Education resources										
Reports (patient, MD)										
Auto-feedback loops										
Activation										
Peer-to-peer										
Device mgmt										
Environment										









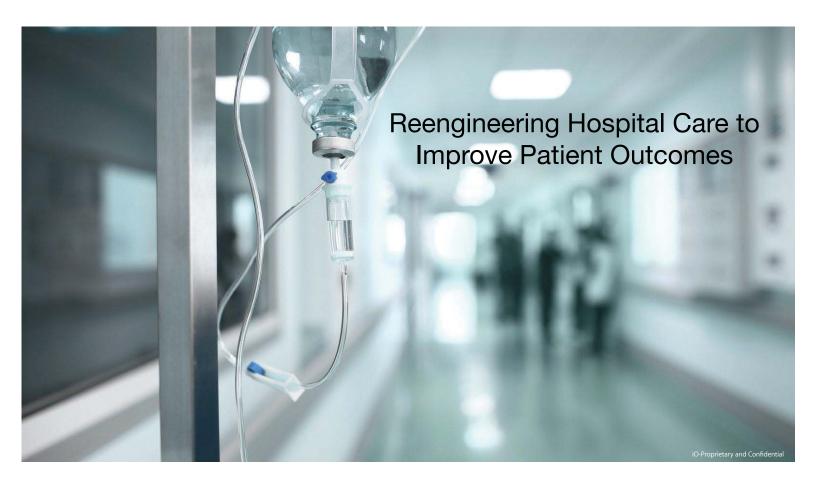








Questions



Reengineering Hospital Care to Improve Patient Outcomes

Hospital Harm

Circadian Rhythms in Health and Disease

Improving the Environment of Care

Artificial Intelligence in Hospital Care

Reengineering Hospital Care to Improve Patient Outcomes

Hospital Harm

Circadian Rhythms in Health and Disease

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Hospital Harm Primum non nocere

- Approximately 440,000 yearly deaths from U.S. hospital errors making this the 3rd leading cause of death in the U.S.
- Medicare patients have a 1 in 4 chance of experiencing harm during a hospital admission.
- About 1 in 25 people admitted to a US hospital will contract a hospital acquired infection (HAI) (1 in 10 in the UK).



Value of Patient Communication

IOM recommends individuals receive access to medical and clinical information, enabling them to be the 'source of control' in making healthcare decisions.

- Being a hospital patient has been called 'one of the most disempowering situations one can experience in modern society'.
- 90% of hospitalized patients want to review their hospital medication list, but only 28% were given the opportunity.
- Only 32% of hospital patients could correctly name even one of their hospital physicians.



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Hospital Discharge

Nearly 20% of patients experience adverse events within 3 weeks of hospital discharge

Post-Hospitalization Syndrome

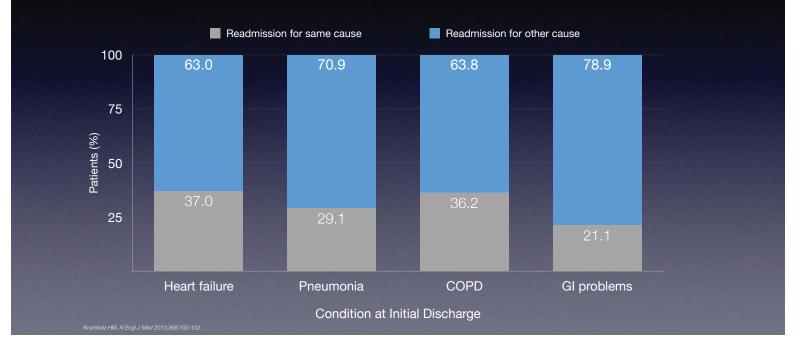
- An acquired, transient period of vulnerability derived from the allostatic and physiologic stress that patients experience in the hospital.
- During hospitalization, patients typically experience:
 - deprivation of sleep
 - disruption of normal circadian rhythms
 - poorly nourished
 - have pain and discomfort
 - · receive medications that can alter cognition and physical function
 - · become deconditioned by bed rest or inactivity

Post-Hospitalization Syndrome

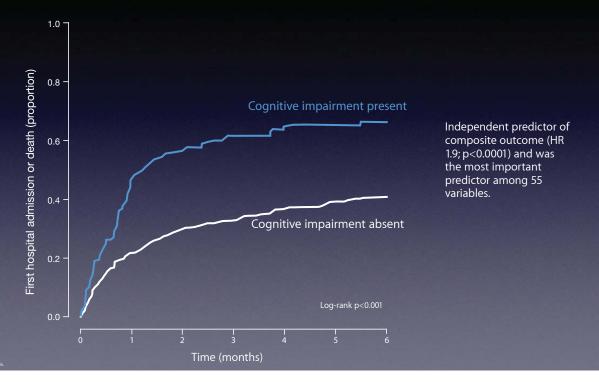
- Polysomnography during hospitalization:
 - reduction in total sleep time
 - reduction in REM and N3 (slow wave) and increase in non-REM
- Results in behavioral and physiologic effects impacting:
 - metabolism
 - cognitive performance
 - physical functioning and coordination
 - immune function
 - coagulation cascade

U.S. Medicare Readmission Data

Two-thirds of readmissions due to unrelated cause



Impact of Cognitive Impairment on Readmission or Death



Discharge Comprehension

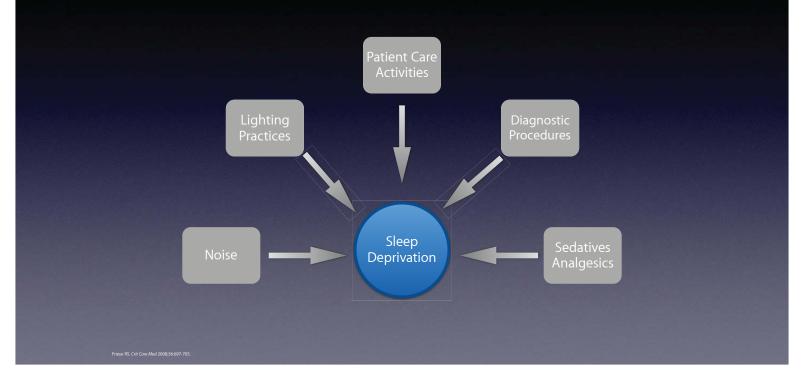
- ▶ 200 patients admitted for > 24 hours to acute medicine, age ≥ 70 years
- Tested for cognitive function* at discharge
- > 31.5% of subjects had unrecognized low cognition
- One month later, 58% of these patients no longer had low cognition (p<0.001).

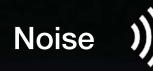
*Mini-Mental Status Examination (MMSE), Backward Digit Span, 15 word immediate and delayed recall test.

Discharge Comprehension

- 172 patients admitted for > 24 hours to acute medicine, discharged on ≥ 1 new medication
- Tested for medication literacy 4-18 days after discharge (name, dosage schedule, purpose) and whether they could name their medical contact person.
- 86% aware a new medication had been Rxed, 64% could name the med, 64% purpose, 56% dosage.
- Age and not education level was the best predictor of poor medication literacy.

Sleep Deprivation: Hospital Environmental Factors





- Objectively measured hospital noise can range as high as 67 dB in ICU to 42 dB on surgical/medical wards.
- World Health Organization (WHO) international recommendations for patient rooms is ≤ 30 dB.
- 92 patients studied at Univ of Chicago Med Ctr.: >42% reported noise disruptions during sleep. Most common sources:
- staff conversations (65%)
- roommates (54%)
- alarms (42%)
- intercoms (39%)
- pagers (38%)

Total average noise	48.0 dB
Peak noise	80.3 dB*
Nighttime average noise	38.2 dB
Nighttime peak noise	69.7dB

equivalent to chain say

Reengineering Hospital Care to Improve Patient Outcomes



Reengineering Hospital Care to Improve Patient Outcomes

Hospital Harm

Circadian Rhythms in Health and Disease

Improving the Environment of Care

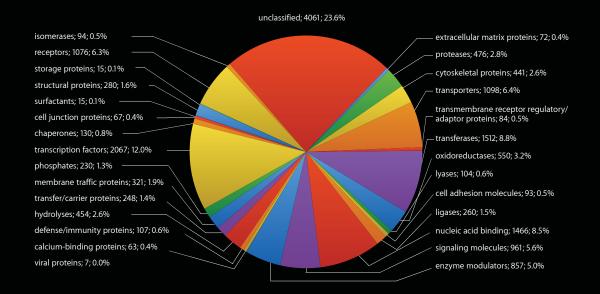
Artificial Intelligence in Hospital Care

Circadian Rhythm in Human Health



- Endogenous 24-h oscillations in behavior and biologic processes found in all kingdoms of life
- Allows an organism to adapt its physiology in anticipation of transitions between night and day
- The circadian clock drives oscillations in a diverse set of biological processes including sleep, locomotor activity, blood pressure, body temperature, and blood hormone levels.
- Regulates protein expression of the genome on a daily basis

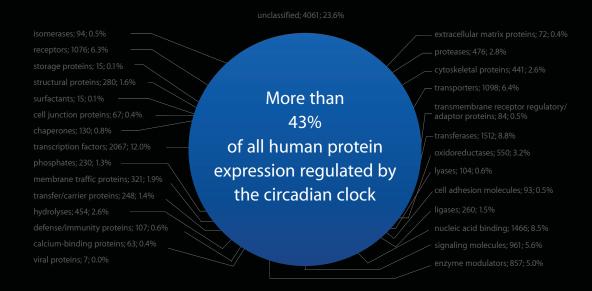
Protein-Coding Gene Expression



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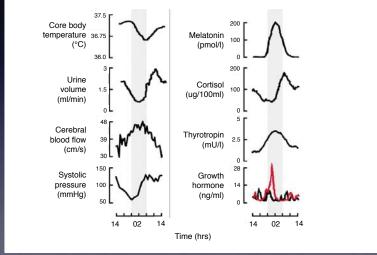
PANTHER Classification System: http://w

Protein-Coding Gene Expression



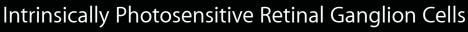
Physiologic and Circadian Cycles in Humans

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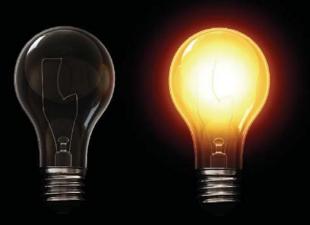


Common Examples

- Light
- ► Temperature
- Social interactions
- Pharmacological manipulation
- Exercise
- Eating / drinking patterns

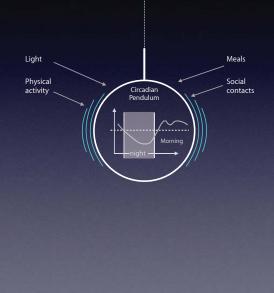


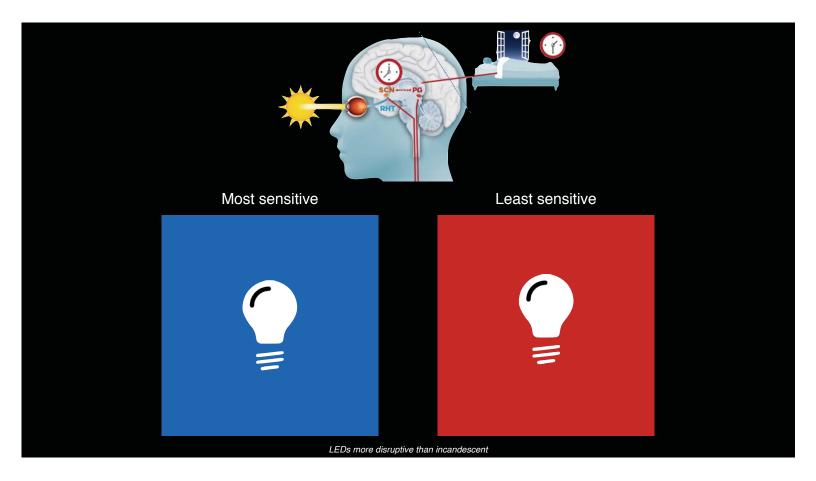
(ipRGCs)

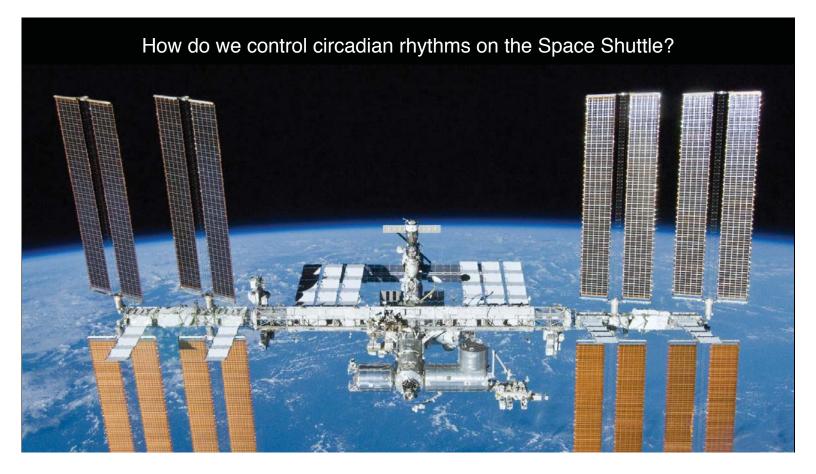


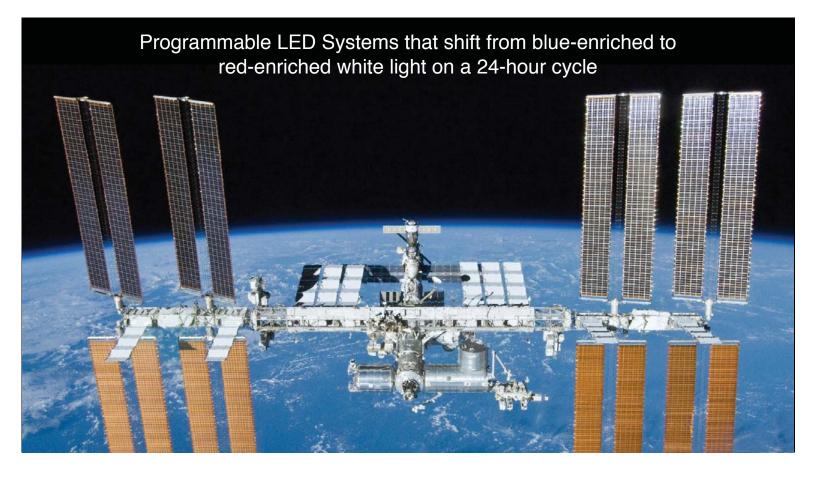
"Sightless visual responses"

- Resets circadian clock
- Artificial light striking the retina between dusk and dawn:
- Inhibits sleep-promoting neurons
- Suppresses nightly release of melatonin









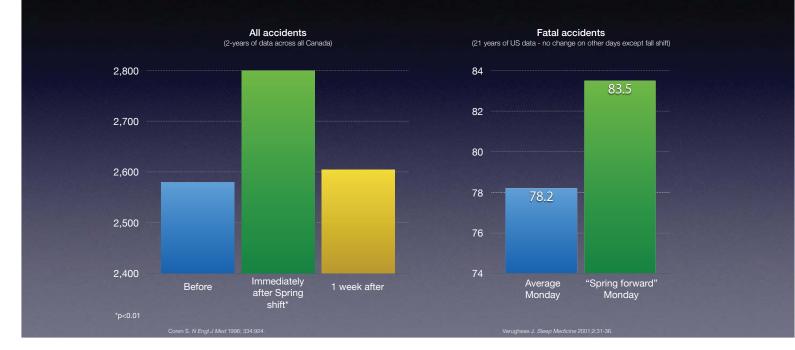
Impact of Disrupting Circadian Rhythm on Population Health Shift Workers

- ► Obesity
- Diabetes
- ▶ Heart disease
- ▶ Stroke
- ► Cancer
- Injuries



Circadian Effects of Changing to Daylight Savings Time

Increased risk of traffic accidents



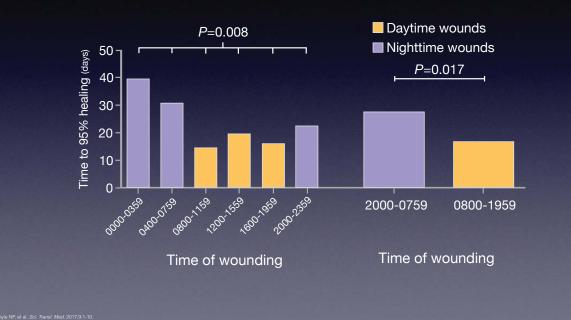
Circadian Effects of Changing to Daylight Savings Time

80% 60% 40% 20% 20%* 0% Ischemic stroke *age 2 65 Konstruction



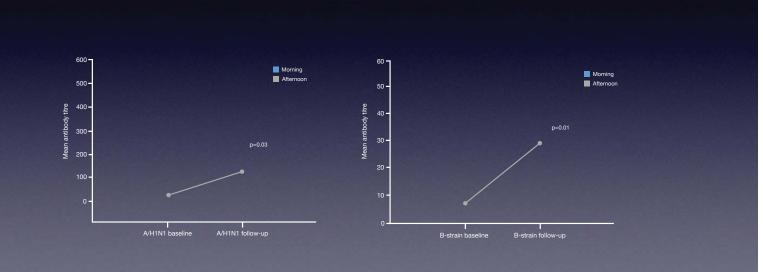
Circadian Effects on Wound Healing

Burn injuries incurred during the daytime heal 60% faster than those incurred at night



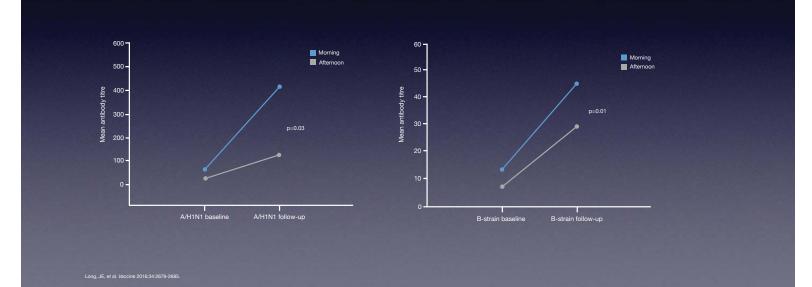
Circadian Effects of Vaccine Response

Morning vaccination enhances antibody response over afternoon vaccination



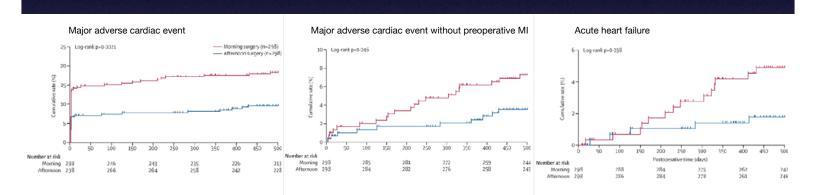
Circadian Effects of Vaccine Response

Morning vaccination enhances antibody response over afternoon vaccination



Circadian Effects upon Outcomes following Cardiac Surgery

Cardiovascular events after aortic valve replacement surgery according to time of day of surgery in matched cohort population



Montaigne D, et al. Lancet 2018; 391:59-69.

Reengineering Hospital Care to Improve Patient Outcomes

Hospital Harm

Circadian Rhythms in Health and Disease

Improving the Environment of Care

Artificial Intelligence in Hospital Care

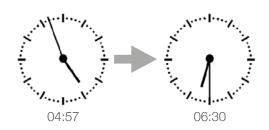
Improving the Environment of Care

- Vital sign collection
- Patient communication / access to information
- Sleep (lighting, noise, vitals, phlebotomy)
- Risk of infection
- Other technologies

Phlebotomy

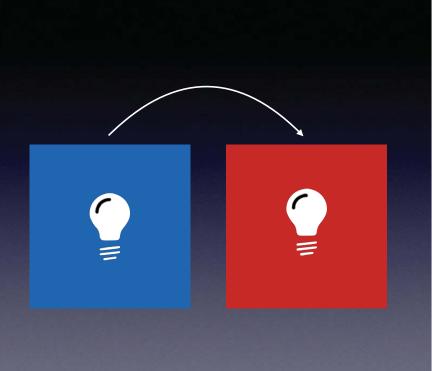


Average routine phlebotomy time



Lighting at night





Noise Control



Daily reports of noises exceeding maximum threshold with time stamp of each occurrence

Routine Vitals



- Non-obtrusive
- Collects BP, pulse, respirations, O₂sat, temperature, body position every minute
- Sent directly to Epic
- Notifies nurse when out of range (sent to smartphone)

Improving Hospital Patient Safety

Sotera ViSi Mobile

Robust data capture—identifies patients at risk earlier

Manages clinical data and reduces "Alarm Fatigue"

Improves patient mobility reducing hospital-induced deconditioning

Provides more time for nurses to perform nursing functions

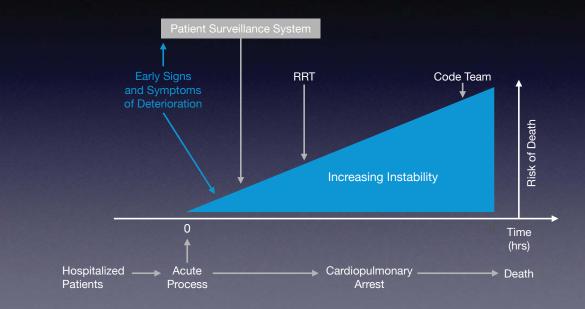


National Patient Safety Goal (NPSG) 6 Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm systems.

NPSG.06.01.01 Improve the safety of clinical alarm systems.

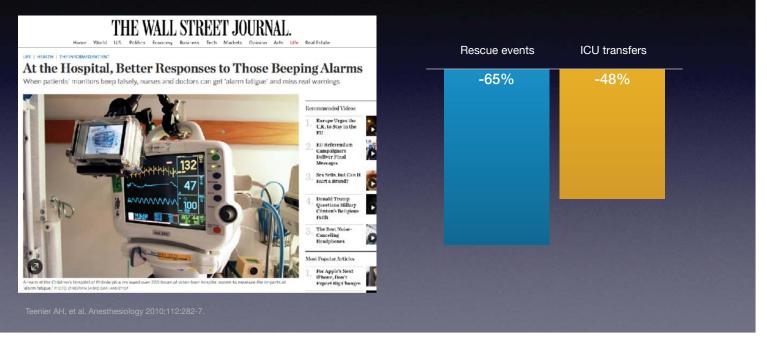
Physiologic Deterioration

Opportunities for intervention



Improving Hospital Patient Safety

Patient surveillance with push alerts



Hospital Intervention - Summary

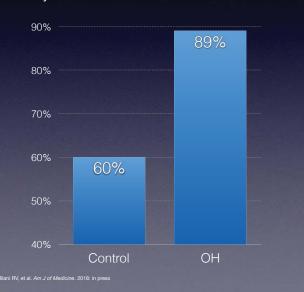
- Improved communication tools for nurses and improved care efficiency (BCMA via Rover)
- New technologies that capture vitals wirelessly without human assessment with machine to human notifications - improvement in alarm management
- Increased patient's personal control more information (MyChart bedside) when and where patients want it
- Improved ambulation by reducing tethering to bed
- Improved sleep quality and quantity less disruptions of circadian rhythm via noise control, change in lighting systems, unobtrusive vital sign monitoring, and morning phlebotomy times

Outcomes

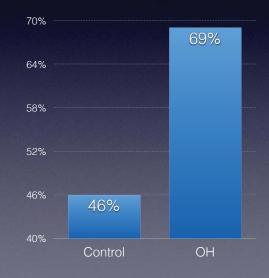
HCAHPS Survey

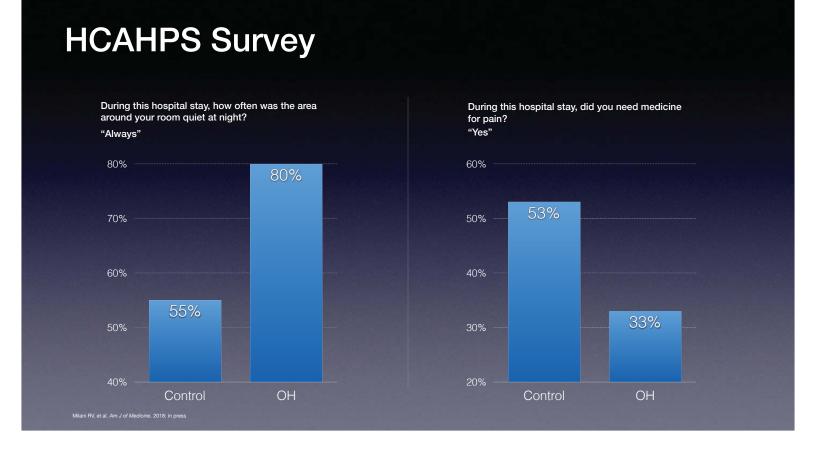
In general, how would you rate your overall mental or emotional health?

"Very Good" or "Excellent"

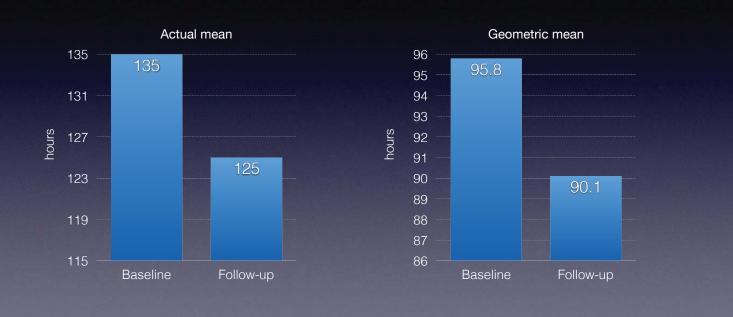


Before giving you any new medicine, how often did hospital staff describe possible side effects in a way you could understand? "Always"



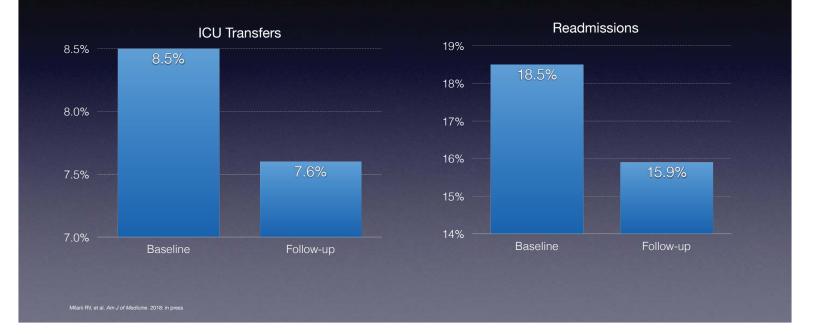


Length of Stay



Milani RV, et al. Am J of Medicine. 2018: in press

Clinical Outcomes



Hospital Acquired Infections (HAI)

- HAI acquisition in 1 out of every 20 patients admitted in U.S.
- ~722,000 people develop an HAI each year in U.S.
- About 75,000 die from an HAI each year
- Bacterial contamination on surfaces including MRSA, vancomycinresistant *Enterococcus* (VRE), can survive on environmental surfaces for weeks with *Clostridium difficile* (CDI) spores surviving for months.
- More than 50% of HAIs are caused by bacteria resistant to at least one type of antibiotic.
- Regular surfaces made of plastic, stainless steel, coated metal, and wood are quickly re-contaminated after cleaning.



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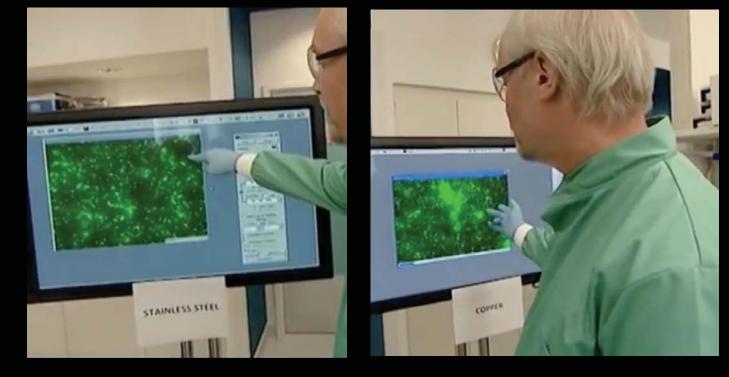
Hospital Acquired Infections (HAI)

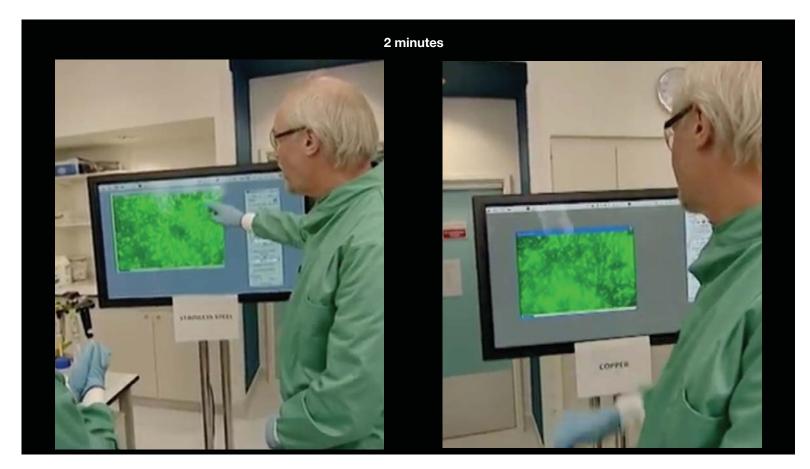


- Copper surfaces have intrinsic and continuous broad-spectrum antimicrobial activity that remains effective for the product's lifetime.
- Copper alloy surfaces kill 99.9% of bacteria in less than 2 hours (including MRSA, VRE, S. aureus, Enterobacter aerogenes, Pseudomonas aeruginosa) and continuously kill after repeated contamination.
- Mechanism of action: involves rupture of cell membrane, generation of reactive O₂ species, and breakdown of bacterial DNA, resulting in cell death - no evidence of bacterial resistant organisms.
- Copper alloys are the 1st class of solid surface materials approved by the EPA as antimicrobial and approved for public health use.

Baseline

10 million MRSA placed on each of two surfaces

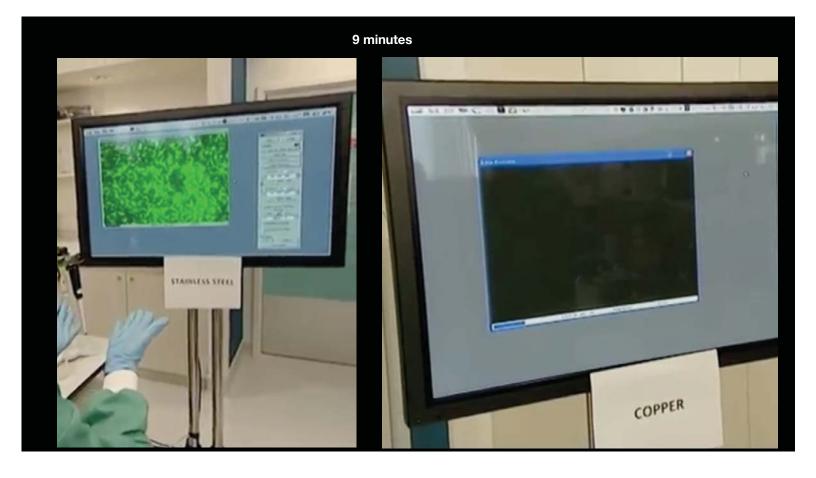




6 minutes







Clinical Studies



Department of Defense Trial in ICU

- Standard bedrails became re-contaminated after disinfection (at 6.5 hours: 5,198 CFU/100 cm² versus 424 CFU/100 cm² for Cu surface)
- Cu reduced antimicrobial burden on surfaces (bedrails, overbed tables, etc.) by 83%
- HAI's reduced by 58% in rooms with copper-impregnated surfaces

University of Virginia / Sentara Healthcare

- Included linens in addition to hard surfaces (overbed tables, bedrails)
- 78% reduction in HAI's due to MDROs or C. difficile
- Rolling out in all hospitals across Sentara system

Source: Schmidt MG, et al. Infect Control Hosp Epidemiol. 2013;34:530+533. Sifri CD, et al. American J of Infection Control. 2016;44:1565-71.

Reengineering Hospital Care to Improve Patient Outcomes

Hospital Harm

Circadian Rhythms in Health and Disease

Improving the Environment of Care

Artificial Intelligence in Hospital Care

Early Warning Systems for Inpatient Deterioration

Modified Early Warning System (MEWS)

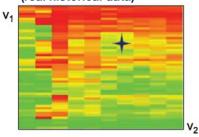
Systolic BP	≤70 mmHg +3 71-80 mmHg +2 81-100 mmHg +1 101-199 mmHg 0 ≥200 mmHg +2	Temperature	<35° C / 95° F +2 35-38.4° C / 95-101.1° F 0 >38.5° C / 101.3°F +2	
Heart rate	<40 bpm +2 41-50 bpm +1 51-100 bpm 0 101-110 bpm +1 111-129 bpm +2 ≥130 bpm +3	AVPU Score	Alert 0 Reacts to voice +1 Reacts to pain +2 Unresponsive +3	
Respiratory rate	<9 bpm +2 9-14 bpm 0 15-20 bpm +1 21-29 bpm +2 ≥30 bpm +3	Total	7.9% chance of ICU admission or death within 60 days	
Kruisselbrink R, et al. PLOS ONE 2016;11:1-13				

Generalized Linear Modeling

Your current FICO [®] Score You	r FICO [®] Score histor	ry -		
FICO		800 850 m	ax	
816		670		
The score lenders use."	0	min 300 FICO* Credit Meter		
actors affecting your FICO [®]	Scoro ¹			

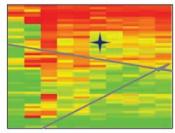
Machine Learning

The actual phenomenon (real historical data)



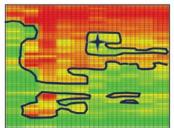
Real life phenomenon come in "all shapes and flavors" – showing patterns that are usually complex, non-linear and apparently disorganized

How Traditional stats sees it



Traditional stats will fit a predetermined "shape" into the phenomenon (ie. linear, quadratic, logarithmic models) – the square peg into the round hole

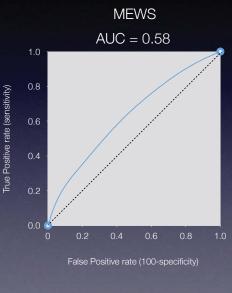
How Machine Learning sees it



While ML algorithms are adapting themselves by spotting & recording patterns without clinging to any predetermined corset

Early Warning Systems for Patient Deterioration

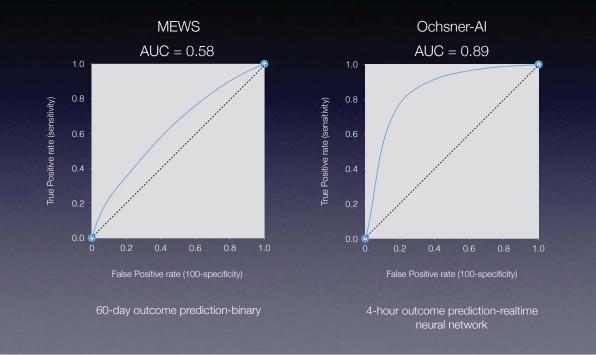
Area Under the curve of the Receiver Operating Characteristic (AUROC)



60-day outcome prediction-binary

Early Warning Systems for Patient Deterioration

Area Under the curve of the Receiver Operating Characteristic (AUROC)



Ochsner Patient Deterioration Model

- We used over 1 billion clinical data points, including vitals, lab result values, nursing assessments, and echocardiograms, to create a deep recurrent neural network
- With the results of this model, a newly created Rapid Response team of providers gets real-time notifications when patients exceed a certain risk threshold
- The team can quickly assess the patient and take immediate action

Ochsner Patient Deterioration Model

90-Day Pilot Results

- Successfully reduced codes outside of ICU by 44%
- Over 40% of alerts resulted in transfer to the ICU
- Over 25% of alerts resulted in end of life conversations

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Summary

Health systems typically focus on delivery of services and operate in only 10% of the health-determinant pie.

Modest interventions impacting timely communication, social, and behavioral factors, yield impressive benefits in chronic disease outcomes along with high levels of patient satisfaction.

Hospitals function to maximize efficiency of operations, sometimes at the expense of patient safety and quality. Opportunities for improving patient outcomes and satisfaction can be realized through modest changes in the environment of care.

Thank You!