



Learning Objectives

- · Describe the benefits and barriers to measuring quality in your professional practice
- Summarize the Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) and apply the relevant aspects of the law to your professional practice
- Explain the role a data registry plays in the future of professional psychological practice and psychological science.



Overview

- Healthcare landscape and regulatory influences
- CMS Proposed Rule for Year 3
- APA/APAPO Resources for Psychologists



A little background...

- Health care costs reached \$3.3 trillion in 2016 (Sahadi, 2018)
- · Increased demand for cost containment
- Value-based programs reward health care providers with incentive payments for the quality of care they give to people
 - Value-based payment could eclipse fee-for-service by 2020



Regulatory Influences

- In 2015, the Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act (MACRA) established two payment models within Medicare's Quality Payment Program (QPP) to replace the Sustainable Growth Rate formula
- MACRA benefits from broad bipartisan support
- The Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) is most likely to apply to psychologists



The Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS)

- MIPS combines 3 former programs PQRS, the Value-based
- 4 components make up composite score: Quality, Promoting Interoperability, Improvement Activities, Cost
- Psychologists & LCSWs not included in MIPS in 2018
 - Recommended to be added in 2019 per CMS proposed rule for year 3



Proposed Rule - 2019 Medicare Fee Schedule (MFS)

- Issued July 12, 2018
- Important changes proposed for testing services by psychologists and for psychologists' role in
- Comments were due September 10, 2018
- Rule will be finalized by early November



2019 Proposed Rule - MFS

- Psychologists and other non-physicians added to MIPS effective January 1, 2019
 - LCSWs, PTs and OTs also being added
- Will be included in definition of MIPS eligible clinicians (ECs)
- Those reporting under MIPS in 2019 will see adjustments to 2021 payments





MIPS Performance Categories

- Quality
- Clinical Improvement Activities
- Promoting Interoperability
- Cost*





Quality Performance Measures

- · Report six measures over a 12-month period - At least one outcome measure (or "high priority")
- Bonus points for:
 - Small practices of 15 or less
 - Submitting 2 or more outcome or high priority quality
 - Submission using End-to-End Electronic Reporting, with quality data directly reported from an EHR to a Registry



Process vs. Outcome Measure

- Process measures used to determine if a provider followed the protocol defined in the
- Outcome measures used to determine if the protocol is having the desired effect based on a clinical measure (ex: patient-reported outcome measure [PROM])



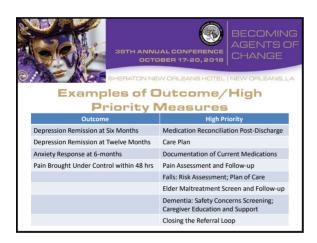
Measures of particular interest

- · Dementia Screening and Management
 - 282: Dementia: Functional Status Assessment
 - 283: Dementia Associated Behavioral and Psychiatric Symptoms Screening and Management
 - 286: Dementia: Safety Concerns Screening and Mitigation Recommendations or Referral for Patients with Dementia
 - 288: Dementia: Caregiver Education and Support
- **281 Dementia: Cognitive Assessment can only be submitted via EHR**



Measures of particular interest cont.

- Closing the Referral Loop: Receipt of Specialist Report
 - Percentage of patients with referrals, regardless of age, for which the referring provider receives a report from the provider to whom the patient was referred
- · Falls: Risk Assessment and Plan of Care
- Functional Outcome Assessment







Improving Clinical Practice Activities

- Only have to report for a 90-day period
- Can report by attestation on CMS website, EHR, or Registry
- Must submit one of the following combinations of activities to earn full credit:
 - 2 high-weighted activities
 - 1 high-weighted and 2 medium-weighted activities
 - At least 4 medium-weighted activities



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BECOMING AGENTS OF CHANGE

Improving Clinical Practice Activities cont

Pick from 100+ activities, within 9 subcategories

- 1. Expanded Practice Access
- 2. Population Management
- 3. Care Coordination
- 4. Beneficiary Engagement
- 5. Patient Safety and Practice Assessment
- 6. Participation in an APM
- 7. Achieving Health Equity
- 8. Integrating Behavioral and Mental Health
- 9. Emergency Preparedness and Response



Promoting Interoperability

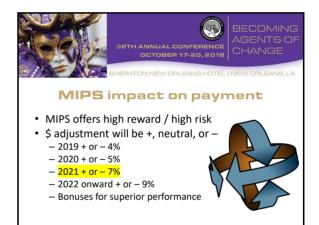
- New name for 2019; formerly Advancing Care Information
- Requires Certified EHR Technology (CEHRT)
- Psychologists and other non-physicians who were not part of meaningful use are not required to report this category
- CMS will automatically reweight this category to 0%
- Use 90-day period if you choose to report this category





Performance Threshold

- Performance Threshold set at 30 points
 - A final score at or above the threshold receive a zero or positive payment adjustment
 - A score below the threshold receives a negative adjustment
- Additional performance threshold set at 80 points for exception performance





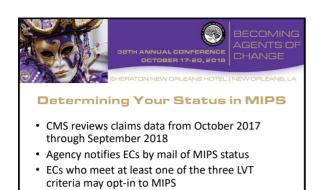
2019 Low Volume Threshold (LVT) Exemption

- · Created to ease burden on small practices
- 3 criteria under LVT only need to meet 1 to be exempt from MIPS
 - Billings \$90,000 or less in Medicare allowed charges
 - Patients 200 or fewer Medicare beneficiaries
 - Covered Part B Services also 200 or fewer



2019 Low Volume Threshold (LVT) Exemption cont.

- · Many, if not most, psychologists should be exempt from MIPS
- Any clinician in the first year as a Medicare provider will be automatically exempt from MIPS regardless of LVT

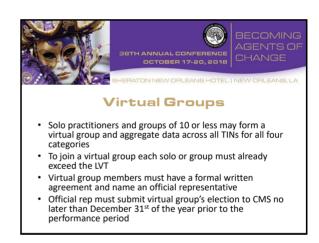


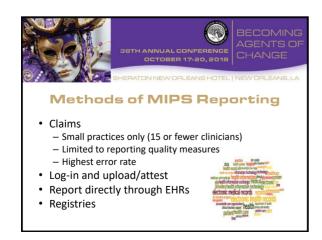
Decision to opt-in is irrevocable for the

performance year



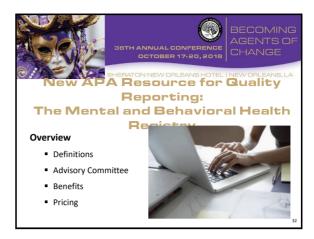


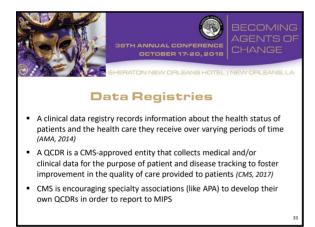






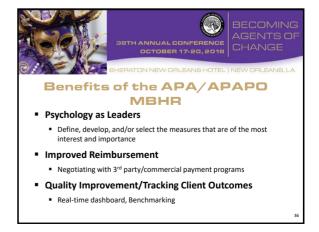


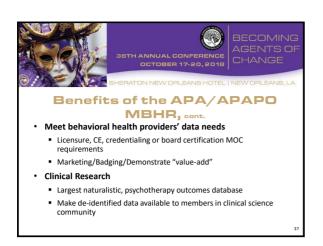


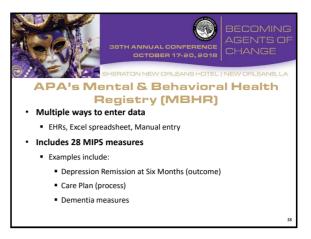




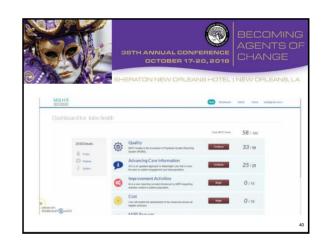


















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